# Chapter 3 Description of Functions

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# 1 Function Tables

The functions built into the IPM are shown in Tables 3-1 to 3-3.

## Table 3-1 IPM Built-in Functions (R-IPM)

#### 600 V system

					Built-ir	n Functio	ons			
Element Number	Model	Com	mon for L Lower A	Jpper and Arm	Upp	er Arm	Lowe	r Arm		Package
		Dr	UV	TjOH	OC	ALM	OC	ALM	TcOH	
	6MBP15RH060	$\checkmark$			-	_			-	P617
	6MBP20RH060	$\checkmark$			-	_			_	P617
	6MBP30RH060	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	-	_			_	P617
	6MBP50RA060	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		_				P610
6 in 1	6MBP75RA060	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		_				P610
	6MBP100RA060	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P611
	6MBP150RA060	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P611
	6MBP200RA060	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P612
	6MBP300RA060			$\checkmark$		-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P612
	7MBP50RA060	$\checkmark$				_			$\checkmark$	P610
	7MBP75RA060	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_			$\checkmark$	P610
7 in 1	7MBP100RA060	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_			$\checkmark$	P611
7 in 1	7MBP150RA060	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_			$\checkmark$	P611
	7MBP200RA060			$\checkmark$		-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P612
	7MBP300RA060	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P612

#### 1200 V system

					Built-ir	n Functio	ons			
Element Number	Model	Com	mon for L Lower A	Jpper and Arm	Upp	er Arm	Lowe	r Arm		Package P619 P610 P611 P611 P612 P612 P612 P611 P611 P612 P612
		Dr	UV	ТјОН	OC	ALM	OC	ALM	TcOH	
	6MBP15RA120		$\checkmark$		-	_	$\checkmark$		_	P619
	6MBP25RA120		$\checkmark$			-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P610
G in 1	6MBP50RA120		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		P611
0 11 1	6MBP75RA120		$\checkmark$			_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P611
	6MBP100RA120		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P612
	6MBP150RA120		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		_	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	P612
	7MBP25RA120					_				P610
	7MBP50RA120		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		P611
7 in 1	7MBP75RA120		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		P611
	7MBP100RA120		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P612
	7MBP150RA120		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P612
	6MBP25RJ120								$\checkmark$	P621
6 in 1	6MBP50RJ120		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P621
	6MBP75RJ120		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P621
	7MBP25RJ120		$\checkmark$							P621
7 in 1	7MBP50RJ120		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P621
	7MBP75RJ120		$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P621

Dr: IGBT drive circuit, UV: Control power source undervoltage protection, TjOH: Element overheating protection, OC: Overcurrent protection, ALM: Alarm output, TcOH: Case overheating protection

Table 3-2 I	PM Built-in	Functions	(R-IPM3)
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## 600 V system

					Built-ir	n Functio	ons			
Element Number	Model	Com	mon for L	Jpper and	Upp	er Arm	Lowe	r Arm		Package
Hambol		Dr	UV	TjOH	OC	ALM	OC	ALM	TcOH	
	6MBP20RTA060				-	_			-	P619
	6MBP50RTB060			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	P610
6 in 1	6MBP75RTB060			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	P610
	6MBP100RTB060			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	P611
	6MBP150RTB060			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	P611
	7MBP50RTB060					_				P610
7 in 1	7MBP75RTB060	$\checkmark$				_	$\checkmark$			P610
7 111 1	7MBP100RTB060			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	P611
	7MBP150RTB060			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	P611
	6MBP50RTJ060									P621
6 in 1	6MBP75RTJ060			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	P621
0111	6MBP100RTJ060	$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$			P621
	6MBP150RTJ060			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	P621
	7MBP50RTJ060									P621
7 in 1	7MBP75RTJ060			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	P621
/ in 1	7MBP100RTJ060			$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	P621
	7MBP150RTJ060	$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$			P621

Dr: IGBT drive circuit, UV: Control power source undervoltage protection, TjOH: Element overheating protection, OC: Overcurrent protection,

LM: Alarm output, TcOH: Case overheating protection

#### Table 3-3 IPM Built-in Functions (Econo IPM)

#### 600 V system

			Built-in Functions								
Element Number	Model	Common for Upper and Lower Arm		Jpper and Arm	Upper Arm		Lower Arm			Package	
		Dr	UV	ТјОН	OC	ALM	OC	ALM	TcOH		
	6MBP50TEA060						$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	P622	
6 in 1	6MBP75TEA060		$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	P622	
0 11 1	6MBP100TEA060		$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	P622	
	6MBP150TEA060		$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	P622	
	7MBP50TEA060								-	P622	
7 in 1	7MBP75TEA060		$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	P622	
7 111 1	7MBP100TEA060		$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	P622	
	7MBP150TEA060			$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	P622	

#### 1200 V system

		Built-in Functions								
Element Number	Model	Common for Upper and Lower Arm		Upper Arm		Lower Arm			Package	
		Dr	UV	ТјОН	OC	ALM	OC	ALM	TcOH	
	6MBP25TEA120								-	P622
6 in 1	6MBP50TEA120			$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	P622
	6MBP75TEA120			$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	_	P622
	7MBP25TEA120								_	P622
7 in 1	7MBP50TEA120			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	P622
	7MBP75TEA120			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		—	P622

Dr: IGBT drive circuit, UV: Control power source undervoltage protection, TjOH: Element overheating protection, OC: Overcurrent protection, ALM: Alarm output, TcOH: Case overheating protection

#### 2 Function Descriptions

#### 2.1 IGBT, FWD for 3-phase inverters

As shown in Fig. 3-1, IGBT and FWD for 3-phase inverters are built in, and a 3-phase bridge circuit is formed inside the IPM. The main circuit is completed by connecting the main power source to the P and N terminals and the 3-phase output lines to the U, V, and W terminals. Connect a snubber circuit to suppress the surge voltages.

#### 2.2 IGBT, FWD for brake

As shown in Fig. 3-1, IGBT and FWD for brake are built in, and an IGBT collector is connected internally to the B terminal. By controlling the brake IGBT through connection of brake resistance between the terminals P and B, the regeneration energy can be dissipated while decelerating to suppress the rise of voltage between the P and N terminals.



Fig. 3-1 3-Phase Inverter Application Model (in Case of 7MBP150RTB060)

#### 2.3 IGBT drive function

Fig. 3-2 shows the pre-driver block diagram. As the IPM incorporates an IGBT drive function, the IGBT can be driven without designing a gate resistance value by connecting the photocoupler output to the IPM. The features of this drive function are introduced below.

• Independent gate resistance control

A special turn-on/turn-off Rg not using any exclusive gate resistance Rg is built in. With this, the dv/dt of turn-on and turn-off can be controlled individually, so that the merits of the element are fully demonstrated (Turn on/Normal Shutdown).

Soft shutdown

During an overcurrent or other abnormality, the gate voltage is lowered softly and gently to prevent element destruction by surge voltage (Soft Shutdown).

• Errorneous ON prevention

Since a circuit is set up to ground the gate electrode with low impedance while OFF, erroneous ON caused by the rise of VGE due to noise can be prevented (Off Hold).

• A reverse bias power source is not required.

As the IPM has a short wiring between the drive circuit and the IGBT, the wiring impedance is small, making driving without reverse bias possible.

• Alarm latch

Alarms have a latch period of approximately 2 ms, and the IGBT does not operate even when an Onsignal enters during the latch period. In addition, as the alarms for each phase, including brake, on the lower arm side are connected mutually, all IGBTs on the lower arm side are stopped for the latch period when a protection operation is performed on the lower arm side.



Fig. 3-2 IPM Function Block (Representative Model: 7MBP150RTB060)

## 2.4 Overcurrent protection function (OC)

Two detection methods are used, the sense IGBT method and the shunt resistance method.

(1) Sense IGBT method

Models: P610/P611/P612/P621/P622

- The main current flowing in the IGBT is detected by taking the sense current flowing in the current sense IGBT inside the IGBT chip into the control circuit. The sense current is extremely small in comparison with the main current, so that the detection loss can be kept minimal in comparison with the shunt resistance method.
- When the overcurrent protection loc level is exceeded for a duration of approximately 5  $\mu$ s (tdoc), the IGBT goes through a soft shutdown. As a detection filter is installed, faulty operations caused by instantaneous overcurrents or noise can be prevented.
- When after approximately 2 ms the level drops below loc and the input signal is OFF, the alarm is released.

#### (2) Shunt resistance method

Models: P617/P619

- Overcurrent protection is performed by detecting the voltage at both ends of the current detection shunt resistance R1, connected to the DC bus bar line N. When the overcurrent detection level loc is exceeded for a duration of approximately 5 µs (tdoc), the IGBT goes through a soft shutdown. As a detection filter is installed, faulty operations caused by instantaneous overcurrents or noise can be prevented.
- When after approximately 2 ms the level drops below loc and if the input signal is OFF, the alarm is released.

#### 2.5 Short-circuit protection function (SC)

The SC protection function always operates with the OC protection function to suppress the peak current when a load or arm is shorted.

#### 2.6 Undervoltage protection (UV)

- The UV protection function performs soft shutdown of the IGBT when the control source voltage (Vcc) continuously drops below VUV for approximately 5 μs.
- As the hysteresis VH is provided, the alarm is released if Vcc recovers to VUV + VH or more after approximately 2 ms and the input signal is OFF.

#### 2.7 Case temperature overheating protection function (TcOH)

- The TcOH protection function detects the insulating substrate temperature with the temperature detection elements set up on the same ceramic substrate as that on which the power chips (IGBT, FWD) are set up and performs soft shutdown of the IGBT when the detected temperature exceeds the protection level TcOH continuously for approximately 1 ms.
- As the hysteresis TcH is provided, the alarm is released if Tc drops below TcOH-TcH after approximately 2 ms.
- The TcOH detection positions are shown in Fig.3-3 to Fig.3-6.







Fig. 3-4 TcOH Detection Position (P611)







Fig. 3-6 TcOH Detection Position (P621)

#### 2.8 Chip temperature overheating protection function (TjOH)

- The TjOH protection function detects the IGBT chip temperature with the temperature detection elements set up on all IGBT chips and performs soft shutdown of the IGBT when the detected temperature exceeds the protection level (TjOH) continuously for approximately 1 ms or more.
- As the hysteresis TjH is provided, the alarm is released if Tj drops below TjOH-TjH after approximately 2 ms and the input signal is OFF.

#### 2.9 Alarm output function (ALM)

- When a protection function operates, the alarm output terminal becomes conductive against each reference potential GND. With open collector output, a function for direct drive of the photocoupler is provided, and a 1.5 kΩ series resistor is built in.
- When a protection function operates, the alarm signal is output continuously for approximately 2 ms (tALM). The alarm is released when the alarm cause has been removed, tALM has elapsed, and the input signal is OFF. When the cause is TcOH, the alarm is released regardless of the input signal.
- As the alarm terminals of the drive circuit on the lower arm side are connected mutually, all IGBTs on the lower arm side, including the brake, are stopped when any one of the IGBTs outputs an alarm.

#### 3 Truth Tables

The truth tables when a fault occurs are shown in Tables 3-4 to 3-7.

	Cause of	ause of IGBT							
	Fault	U-phase	V-phase	W-phase	Low Side	Low Side			
High side	UV	OFF	*	*	*	High			
U-phase	ТјОН	OFF	*	*	*	High			
High side	UV	*	OFF	*	*	High			
V-phase	ТјОН	*	OFF	*	*	High			
High side	UV	*	*	OFF	*	High			
W-phase	ТјОН	*	*	OFF	*	High			
	OC	*	*	*	OFF	Low			
Low side	UV	*	*	*	OFF	Low			
	ТјОН	*	*	*	OFF	Low			

#### Table 3-4 Truth Table (P617, P619)

\* Depends on input logic

	Cause of		IGI	BT		Alarm Output
	Fault	U-phase	V-phase	W-phase	Low Side	Low Side
Lligh oide	OC	OFF	*	*	*	High
	UV	OFF	*	*	*	High
0-phase	ТјОН	OFF	*	*	*	High
Lligh oide	OC	*	OFF	*	*	High
	UV	*	OFF	*	*	High
v-phase	ТјОН	*	OFF	*	*	High
Lligh oide	OC	*	*	OFF	*	High
	UV	*	*	OFF	*	High
w-phase	ТјОН	*	*	OFF	*	High
	OC	*	*	*	OFF	Low
l ow sido	UV	*	*	*	OFF	Low
LOW SIDE	ТјОН	*	*	*	OFF	Low
	TcOH	*	*	*	OFF	Low

## Table 3-5 Truth Table (P610, P611, P612)

\* Depends on input logic

## Table 3-6 Truth Table (P621)

	Cause of			GBT			Alarm	Output	
	Fault	U-phase	V-phase	W-phase	Low Side	ALMU	ALMV	ALMW	ALM
High aida	OC	OFF	*	*	*	Low	High	High	High
	UV	OFF	*	*	*	Low	High	High	High
0-phase	ТјОН	OFF	*	*	*	Low	High	High	High
Lligh aida	OC	*	OFF	*	*	High	Low	High	High
	UV	*	OFF	*	*	High	Low	High	High
v-priase	ТјОН	*	OFF	*	*	High	Low	High	High
Lligh aida	OC	*	*	OFF	*	High	High	Low	High
	UV	*	*	OFF	*	High	High	Low	High
w-phase	ТјОН	*	*	OFF	*	High	High	Low	High
	OC	*	*	*	OFF	High	High	High	Low
Low side	UV	*	*	*	OFF	High	High	High	Low
LOW SILE	ТјОН	*	*	*	OFF	High	High	High	Low
	TcOH	*	*	*	OFF	High	High	High	Low

\* Depends on input logic

## Table 3-7 Truth Table (P622)

	Cause of			GBT			Alarm	Output	
	Fault	U-phase	V-phase	W-phase	Low Side	ALMU	ALMV	ALMW	ALM
Lligh aida	OC	OFF	*	*	*	Low	High	High	High
High side	UV	OFF	*	*	*	Low	High	High	High
0-phase	ТјОН	OFF	*	*	*	Low	High	High	High
Lligh aida	OC	*	OFF	*	*	High	Low	High	High
	UV	*	OFF	*	*	High	Low	High	High
v-phase	ТјОН	*	OFF	*	*	High	Low	High	High
Lligh aida	OC	*	*	OFF	*	High	High	Low	High
	UV	*	*	OFF	*	High	High	Low	High
w-phase	ТјОН	*	*	OFF	*	High	High	Low	High
	OC	*	*	*	OFF	High	High	High	Low
Low side	UV	*	*	*	OFF	High	High	High	Low
	ТјОН	*	*	*	OFF	High	High	High	Low

\* Depends on input logic

## 4 IPM Block Diagrams



The IPM block diagrams are shown in Fig. 3-7 to Fig. 3-14.

Fig. 3-7 IPM Block Diagram (P617)



Fig. 3-8 IPM Block Diagram (P619)



Fig. 3-9 IPM Block Diagram (P610, P611, P612 with Built-in Brake)



Fig. 3-10 IPM Block Diagram (P610, P611, P612 Without Brake)



Fig. 3-11 IPM Block Diagram (P621 with Built-in Brake)







Fig. 3-13 IPM Block Diagram (P622 with Built-in Brake)



Fig. 3-14 IPM Block Diagram (P622 Without Brake)

## 5 Timing Charts

The timing charts for the protection functions are shown in Fig. 3-15 to Fig. 3-21.



Undervoltage protection (UV) (1)

Fig. 3-15 Timing Chart UV (1)

Refer to Fig. 3-2 <3>.

- <1> If Vcc is below  $V_{UV}$  +  $V_H$  while  $V_{CC}$  is ON, an alarm is output.
- <2> If the period in which V<sub>CC</sub> falls below V<sub>UV</sub> is shorter than 5 µs, the protection function does not work (while Vin is OFF).
- <3> An alarm is output when a period of about 5  $\mu$ s elapses after V<sub>CC</sub> falls below V<sub>UV</sub> if Vin is OFF, and IGBT remains OFF.
- <4> If V<sub>CC</sub> returns to V<sub>UV</sub> + V<sub>H</sub> after t<sub>ALM</sub> elapses, UV is reset after t<sub>ALM</sub> elapses if Vin is OFF and the alarm is also reset simultaneously.
- <5> If the period in which  $V_{CC}$  falls below  $V_{UV}$  is shorter than 5  $\mu$ s, the protection function does not work (while Vin is ON).
- <6> An alarm is output when a period of about 5  $\mu$ s elapses after V<sub>CC</sub> falls below V<sub>UV</sub> if Vin is ON, and a soft IGBT shutdown occurs.
- <7> If  $V_{CC}$  returns to  $V_{UV}$  +  $V_{H}$  after  $t_{ALM}$  elapses, UV is reset after  $t_{ALM}$  elapses if Vin is OFF and the alarm is also reset simultaneously.
- <8> An alarm is output if  $V_{CC}$  falls below VUV while  $V_{CC}$  c is OFF.



Undervoltage protection (UV) (2)

Fig. 3-16 Timing Chart UV (2)

#### Refer to Fig. 3-2 <3>.

- <1> If Vcc is below  $V_{UV}$  +  $V_H$  while  $V_{CC}$  is ON, an alarm is output. (Until Vin changes to OFF)
- <2> If Vcc returns to  $V_{UV}$  +  $V_H$  after  $t_{ALM}$  elapses, UV and the alarm are reset simultaneously with the return of  $V_{UV}$  +  $V_H$  if Vin is OFF.
- <3> Even if  $V_{CC}$  returns to  $V_{UV}$  +  $V_{H}$  after  $t_{ALM}$  elapses, UV is not reset after  $t_{ALM}$  elapses if Vin is ON. UV and the alarm are reset simultaneously with Vin OFF.
- <4> If Vin is ON while V<sub>CC</sub> is OFF, the alarm is output, and a soft IGBT shutdown is executed while V<sub>CC</sub> is below V<sub>UV</sub>.



Refer to Fig. 3-2 <3>.

- <1> An alarm is output and a soft IGBT shutdown is executed when t<sub>DOC</sub> elapses after Ic rises above loc.
- <2> OC and the alarm are reset simultaneously if Vin is OFF when  $t_{ALM}$  elapses.
- <3> An alarm is output and a soft IGBT shutdown is executed when t<sub>DOC</sub> elapses after Ic rises above loc.
- <4> If Vin is ON when t<sub>ALM</sub> elapses, OC is not reset. OC and the alarm are reset simultaneously when Vin is OFF.
- <5> If Vin changes to OFF before t<sub>DOC</sub> elapses after Ic rises above loc, the protection function is not activated and a normal IGBT shutdown is executed.
- <6> If Vin changes to OFF before t<sub>DOC</sub> elapses after Ic rises above loc, the protection function is not activated and a normal IGBT shutdown is executed.



Fig. 3-18 Timing Chart SC

Refer to Fig. 3-2 <2>.

- <1> If the load shorts after Ic has started flowing and Ic exceeds Isc, the Ic peak is suppressed instantly. An alarm is output and a soft IGBT shutdown is executed when t<sub>DOC</sub> elapses.
- <2> OC and the alarm are reset simultaneously if Vin is OFF when  $t_{ALM}$  elapses.
- <3> If the load shorts and lsc is exceeded simultaneously with the start of flow of lc, the lc peak is instantly suppressed. An alarm is output and a soft IGBT shutdown is executed after t<sub>DOC</sub> elapses.
- <4> If Vin is ON when t<sub>ALM</sub> elapses, OC is not reset. OC and the alarm are reset simultaneously when Vin is OFF.
- <5> If the load shorts after Ic has started flowing and Ic exceeds Isc, the Ic peak is suppressed instantly. Then, if Vin changes to OFF before t<sub>DOC</sub> elapses, the protection function is not activated and a normal IGBT shutdown occurs.
- <6> If the load shorts simultaneously with the start of flow of Ic and Ic exceeds Isc, the Ic peak is suppressed instantly. Then, if Vin changes to OFF before t<sub>DOC</sub> elapses, the protection function is not activated and a normal IGBT shutdown is executed.



Case temperature overheating protection (TcOH)

Fig. 3-19 Timing Chart TcOH

- <1> An alarm is output if the case temperature Tc continuously exceeds T<sub>COH</sub> for a period of about 1 ms, and if Vin is ON, a soft shutdown of all IGBTs on the lower arm side is executed.
- <2> If Tc falls below  $T_{COH}$ - $T_{CH}$  before  $t_{ALM}$  elapses, the alarm is reset when  $t_{ALM}$  elapses.
- <3> If Tc exceeds continuously  $T_{COH}$  for a period of about 1 ms, an alarm is output. (While Vin is OFF)
- <4> If Tc has not fallen below  $T_{COH}-T_{CH}$  when  $t_{ALM}$  elapses, the alarm is not reset. When Tc falls below  $T_{COH}-T_{CH}$  after  $t_{ALM}$  elapses, the alarm is reset.

Refer to Fig. 3-2 <4>.

IGBT chip overheating protection (TjOH) (1)



Refer to Fig. 3-2 <4>.

- <1> An alarm is output and a soft IGBT shutdown is executed if the IGBT chip temperature Tj continuously exceeds T<sub>jOH</sub> for a period of about 1 ms.
- <2> If Tj falls below Tj<sub>OH</sub>-Tj<sub>H</sub> before t<sub>ALM</sub> elapses, OH and the alarm are simultaneously reset if Vin is OFF when t<sub>ALM</sub> elapses.
- <3> An alarm is output if Tj continuously exceeds Tj<sub>OH</sub> for a period of about 1 ms, and if Vin is OFF, the protection function is not activated.
- <4> When Tj falls below Tj<sub>OH</sub>-Tj<sub>H</sub> after t<sub>ALM</sub> elapses, OH and the alarm are reset simultaneously if Vin is OFF.

![](_page_26_Figure_1.jpeg)

IGBT chip overheating protection (TjOH) (2)

Fig. 3-21 Timing Chart TjOH (2)

Refer to Fig. 3-2.

- <1> If Tj exceeds Tj<sub>OH</sub> and then falls below Tj<sub>OH</sub> within about 1 ms, OH does not operate regardless of whether Vin is ON or OFF.
- <2> If Tj exceeds Tj<sub>OH</sub> and then falls below Tj<sub>OH</sub> within about 1 ms, OH does not operate regardless of whether Vin is ON or OFF.
- <3> If Tj exceeds Tj<sub>OH</sub> and then falls below Tj<sub>OH</sub> for a period of about 3 µs or longer, the 1 ms detection timer is reset.

## WARNING ------

1. This Catalog contains the product spe The contents are subject to change w Catalog, be sure to obtain the latest s	cifications, characteristics, c ithout notice for specificatior pecifications.	lata, materials, and a a changes or other re	structures as of Febru easons. When using a	ary 2004. a product listed in this
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4. The products introduced in this Catalo	g are intended for use in the	e following electronic	and electrical equipn	nent which has
normal reliability requirements.	- Communications	a linnant (tarminal	daviasa) • Mas	ouroment equipment
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• Transportation equipment (mounted	on cars and ships)	<ul> <li>Trunk communication</li> </ul>	nications equipment	
<ul> <li>Traffic-signal control equipment</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Gas leakage d</li> </ul>	letectors with an auto-	-shut-off feature
<ul> <li>Emergency equipment for responding</li> </ul>	g to disasters and anti-burg	lary devices	<ul> <li>Safety de</li> </ul>	evices
6. Do not use products in this Catalog fo	r the equipment requiring st	rict reliability such a	s (without limitation)	
<ul> <li>Space equipment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Aeronautic equipment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nuclear co</li> </ul>	ontrol equipment	
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