Fuji Electric

Innovating Energy Technology

Medium-voltage Drives

FRENIC4600FM6e

Medium Voltage Drive

24D1-E-0128a

Our Medium-voltage Drives aim to protect the environment and create clean energy for everyone.

Founded in 1923, Fuji Electric is an internationally renowned major general industrial electronics equipment manufacturer, and our products are widely used in various fields such as power generation, iron and steel, oil & gas, mining, chemicals, cement, water plant.

Fuji Electric has continued its tireless efforts in the development and application of advanced power electronic technology that is a fusion of such fields as power semiconductors, microelectronic circuits, and automatic control systems. Since the 1980s we have been manufacturing and delivering to the world medium-voltage drives speed control devices for various types of load equipment drives. Among these, our FRENIC4600FM6e medium-voltage drive is a high-performance, high reliability medium-voltage drive speed control device.

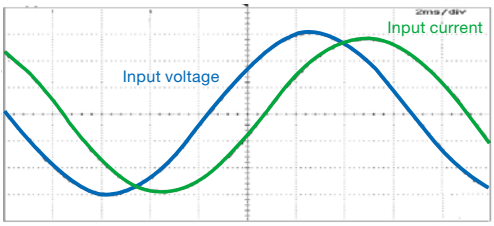
Contents

Features

1 Substantial reduction of harmonic current on power source side

- A multi-phase diode rectifier system (18 to 54 phases) is used to suppress harmonics. Significantly less harmonics are generated than conventional models, and because the amount of harmonics generated is much lower than that specified in IEEE-519 (1992), this is an inverter that does not degrade the power supply.

Current waveform on power source side



Harmonic current content

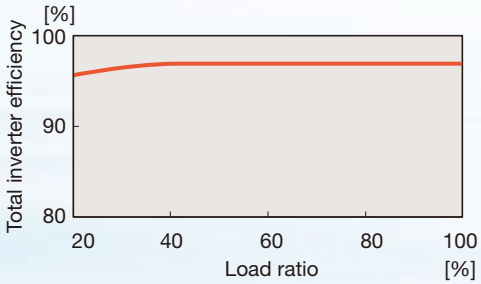
Order	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23th	25th	35th	37th
IEEE value [%]	4.00	2.86	1.83	1.49	1.14	1.02	0.87	0.80	0.80	0.80
Measured value [%](*)	0.58	1.0	0.20	0.32	0.75	0.54	0.06	0.24	0.58	0.27

(*) Example value from our full load test

2 High efficiency: Total efficiency of approx. 97%

- Because an output transformer is unnecessary, inherent losses are eliminated.
- Use of our proprietary multi-level PWM control system reduces switching losses.
- Because the harmonic current on the power source side is reduced, the primary winding of the input transformer has a reduced loss due to the harmonics.

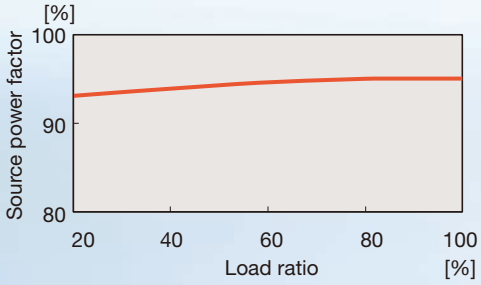
Total inverter efficiency curve (including input transformer)



3 High power factor: Source power factor greater than 95%

- The use of a multi-phase diode full-wave rectifier increases the power factor on the power source side, enabling operation at a high power factor.
- A phase advancing capacitor and a DC reactor for improving the source power factor are unnecessary.
- A smaller power capacity suffices for inverter operation.

Source power factor curve



4 High reliability

- High-accuracy, rotation speed sensor-less vector control functions enable stable operation during load variations from low speed to high speed.
- World-class Fuji own brand IGBT cells, redundant bypass control technology, and multi-level fault alarm functions are employed to ensure very high reliability.
- A high-end 32-bit motor control MCU is employed in the control device for quick response and high accuracy.

5 Vector control

- Advanced and practical vector control technology is adopted for asynchronous and synchronous motors and achieves high-accuracy non-velocity vector control with a large starting torque, fast response dynamics and high load capacity.

6 Easy maintenance

- The inverter is air-cooled, requiring no cooling water.
- Start/stop operations, parameter setting, fault display, and data monitoring are easily performed on a touch panel with simplified input functions.
- A simple auto-tuning function for test adjustments facilitate adjustment.
- Fault diagnosis are easily performed.
- A dry-type input transformer is adopted.

Industrial applications

Cement

- Kiln head cooling blowers
- Kiln tail blowers
- Grinders
- Rotary kilns

Chemicals

- Catalytic cracking units
- Hydrogen compressor
- Oil transport pneumatic conveyor
- Fan, pump, granulator
- Banbury mixers

Mining

- Belt conveyor
- Grinder
- Mine ventilation fan

Iron and Steel

- Blast furnace blower
- Primary, secondary dust blower
- Sintered fan
- Fan, water pump
- Crusher

Power generation

- Induced draft fan, forced draft fan
- Primary, secondary fan
- Condensate pump
- Circulating water pump
- Conveying pump

Other industries

- Water plant
- Sugar (fan, mill)
- Test bench

Simple circuit configuration

The medium-voltage drives utilize internationally advanced electronics technology, and are equipped with a highly integrated motor control MCU and a multi-level cell tandem structure with an optimized design. There is no need for harmonic filters outside the rating or power factor correction capacitors. The reliability is very high, and these inverters are easy to operate and maintain.

Master control panel

- Equipped with an optimal 32-bit MCU for industrial motor control, and a voltage detection system utilizes a special ARM sampling platform. Boasting high-speed response and high control accuracy, also features short acceleration time to fluctuations in torque load, and acceleration with high control performance that will not allow overcurrent.
- Flexible interface enables easy operation by the customer. Made-to-order options tailored to the customer's needs are also possible.

Input multiplex winding transformer

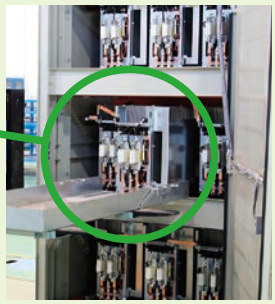
- Harmonic current on the power source side is low due to a multiplex configuration of the secondary winding.
- With the use of a multi-phase rectifier (18 to 54 phases), harmonic current emissions completely satisfy the provisions of the IEEE. The installation of harmonic filters and power factor correction capacitors is not required.
- A dry-type transformer is adopted on the input side, and because the transformer is on the panel, there is no external connection work required for the cable between the transformer and the inverter panel.
- Since the dry-type isolated transformer is an integrated design, the electric motor is protected, making it easy to install and reducing the installation costs.

Cooling fan

- Air-cooled inverters make maintenance easy.

Inverter cell

- The stability of the system is further improved with the use of a cell tandem phase structure equipped with a cell intelligent bypass function.
- Each inverter cell alone can be taken out and replaced easily, because the controller, diodes, IGBT elements and DC intermediate capacitor are combined into an integral body.
- Utilizes the latest Fuji 1700 VAC medium-voltage IGBT with the world's top-class delivery track record, and boasts high reliability.



Main circuit configuration diagram

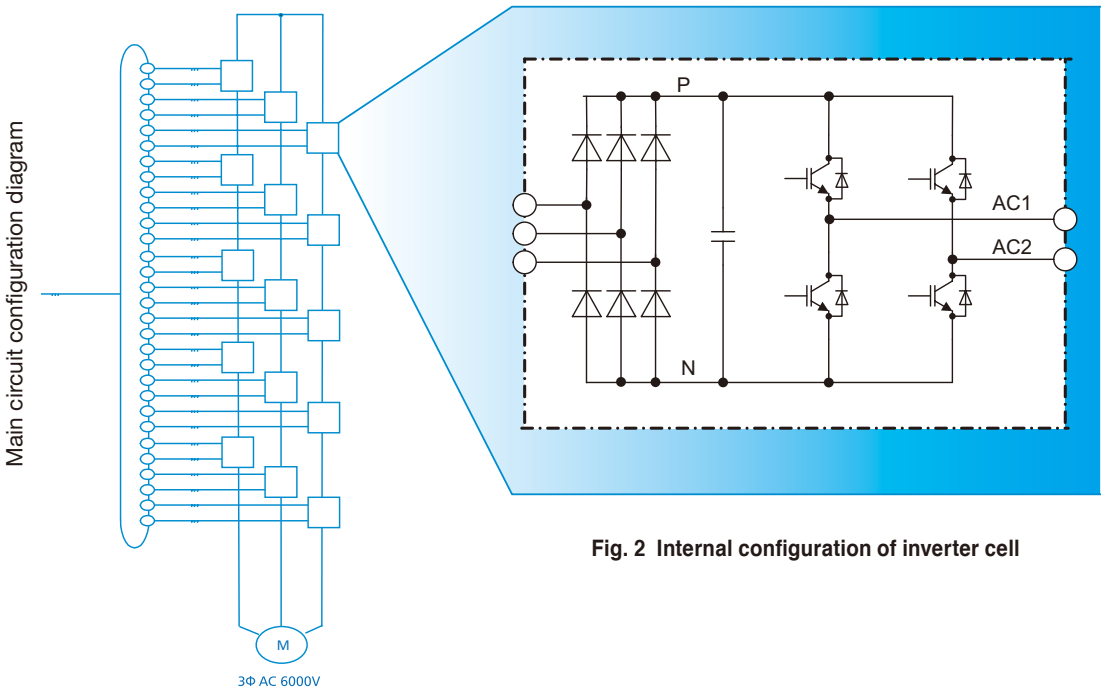


Fig. 2 Internal configuration of inverter cell

Fig. 1 Main circuit configuration diagram of 6 kV type

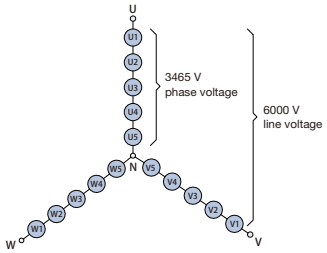


Fig. 3 6 kV configuration

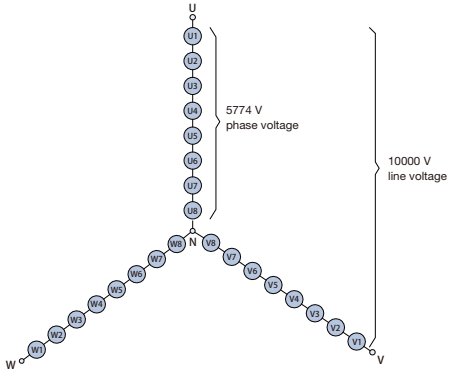


Fig. 4 10 kV configuration

- The inverter configuration is as shown in Figure 1. A 6 kV class inverter comprises the input transformer and 15 inverter cells. (A 10 kV class inverter is composed of 24 inverter cells.)

- Each inverter cell consists of one single-phase two-level inverter which yields an output voltage of 693 V. As shown in Fig. 3, when a 6 kV class five inverter cells are cascade-connected to each phase, the phase voltage is approximately 3465 V. With a three-phase star connection it is possible to obtain a line voltage of approximately 6000 V.

- As shown in Fig. 4, when a 10 kV class eight inverter cells are cascade-connected to each phase, the phase voltage is approximately 5774 V. With a three-phase star connection it is possible to obtain a line voltage of approximately 10000 V.

Friendly to machines

If a harmonic current component is contained in the inverter output current, a torque ripple occurs on the output shaft of a motor. A torque ripple means a change in rotational speed or a large vibration if the frequency of the torque ripple matches the natural frequency of the mechanical system and torque ripple is large.

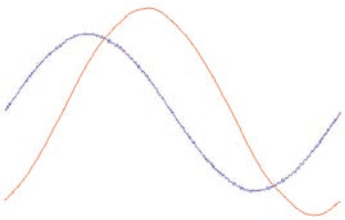
In FRENIC4600FM6e, the harmonic component on the output side is extremely small due to the multi-level PWM control and the main component of torque ripple is at around the carrier frequency (several kHz). Therefore, torque ripple hardly affects the machine side.

Friendly to motors

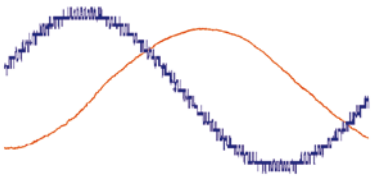
- The multi-level PWM control provides an almost sinusoidal output current waveform, thus reducing motor torque ripple.
- The output current waveform is nearly sinusoidal, reducing the harmonic losses of the motor.
- The multi-level PWM control minimizes switching surge voltage and thereby reduces stress on the motor.
- There is no need to reduce motor capacity due to inverter drive.
- There is no need for special cables, etc. due to inverter drive.
- This inverter is applicable not only to a square-law reduced torque load, but also to a constant torque load such as an extruder.
- For driving a large-capacity motor in a system that has a small power capacity, voltage fluctuation, etc. due to the starting current of a motor will cause problems. However, because the starting current can be suppressed by the soft start of this inverter, operation can be performed.

: output voltage waveform : output current waveform

Output voltage and current waveforms at 10 kV output



Output voltage and current waveforms at 6 kV output



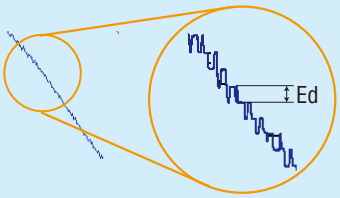
Note

Surge voltage and multi-level output

The output voltage waveform of a PWM inverter is a DC chopping voltage (called "pulse voltage = surge voltage") whose amplitude is determined by voltage Ed of the DC intermediate circuit.

When this surge voltage of inverter output is applied to a motor through a cable, the voltage is reflected repeatedly between the motor terminal and inverter terminal. A sharp overvoltage higher than the inverter output voltage is thus generated at the motor terminal, which may cause dielectric breakdown of the winding.

The multi-level PWM control of Fuji medium-voltage drives makes it possible to suppress the DC intermediate voltage, and effectively controls the overvoltage generated at the motor terminals.



Output voltage waveform (17 levels) in 10 kV class

In the 10 kV class Fuji Electric's medium-voltage drives, the output voltage changes in 17 steps (corresponding to 17 levels) within 1/4 cycle. The voltage value of one step equals the DC intermediate circuit voltage Ed. Therefore, for the same voltage output, a larger number of steps means a smaller voltage value at one step.

Thus, Fuji Electric's inverter can also reduce the surge voltage appearing at the motor terminal and thereby moderate the stress applied to the motor.

Functional description

Synchronous motor vector control device (option)

At the core of the FRENIC4600FM6e inverter is a high-speed MCU, which is equipped with a vector control program that is internationally advanced and comprises a high-performance controller platform. The device will adapt to the advanced requirements of frequent start-ups and rate adjustments.

Main capabilities:

- Slow startup torque is large, with fast torque reaction during high speeds.
- Equipped with an electric motor rotor positioning function for the smooth start-up of synchronous motors.
- The inverter can automatically adjust the excitation current, enabling high system efficiency.

Cell automatic bypass function (option)

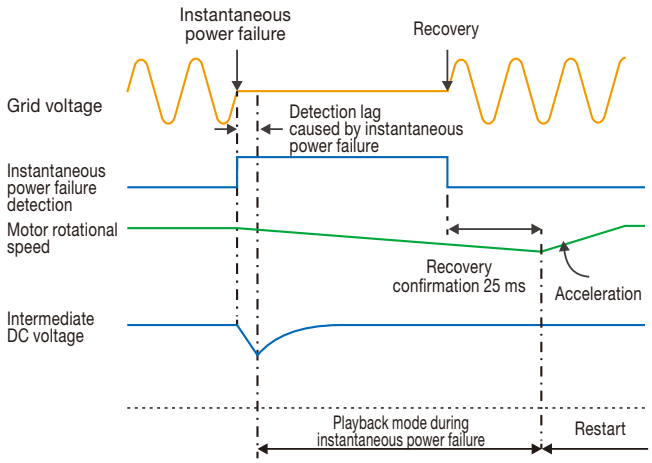
- When the cell automatic bypass function is selected, failures due to shutdowns are significantly reduced, greatly improving the reliability of the equipment.
- The FRENIC4600FM6e can accurately grasp the location of the failure point, and bypass the failed cell.
- The bypass control is completely separated from each of the power cells, and the FRENIC4600FM6e can automatically bypass a failed power cell within 0.5 seconds.

Description of instantaneous power failures

- It is possible to select the combined operation mode to use in the event of an instantaneous voltage drop.

1. Select instantaneous voltage drop as a major fault
   The inverter performs a major fault stop, and the motor will be in a free-run state.
2. Selection of free-run restart (option)
   The inverter stops operating, and the motor will be in a free-run state. When the power supply power recovers, the speed search function will automatically re-accelerate the motor that is decelerating in the free-run state or if the motor has already stopped.
3. Selection of continued operation when an instantaneous voltage drop occurs (option)
   If the motor does not enter the free-run state when an instantaneous voltage drop occurs, the inverter can operate continuously.
   After the recovery of the power supply voltage, the motor will be promptly re-accelerated and return to the operating speed.

Fig. 1 Continuous operation process



Note 1) When the instantaneous voltage drop is below 65% of the rated voltage. Note 2) The instantaneous voltage drop duration is less than 300 ms. (option)

Control functions

The FRENIC4600FM6e medium-voltage drives is equipped with 32-bit RISC processors for each of the CPUs used for the basic controls such as frequency control, operation programs, and various interfaces; for the high-speed computing used for the current control; as well as for the voltage processing and output voltage pulse waveform processing.

To enable combined optimal control for various applications, FRENIC4600FM6e have integrated the following functions in the internal system.

1 Logic functions

- In accordance with external logic and control signals, the system is operated and stopped by software.

2 Adjustment functions

- Based on the sampling control principles, FRENIC4600FM6e have achieved an optimal adjustment control.

3 Control parameter setting functions

- Each of the control parameters of the system can be set and optimally adjusted from the operation panel, keypad, HMI or centralized monitoring system.

4 Fault detection functions

- When faults occur, they can be displayed and verified using the operation panel, HMI, keypad or centralized monitoring system.
- In addition, tracking backup data can be collected before and after the fault using the keypad or centralized monitoring system.

5 Independent operation functions

- Can control operation of the FRENIC4600FM6e with no need to connect to the DCS.
- The operation methods include communications, external input access operations, analog command operations, and operations panel operations.

6 Power failure protection functions

- Power failure processing is performed when a power outage failure occurs. Data in RAM (built-in memory) is backed up by the capacitor, and one week of data can be preserved even in a non-energized state.
- In addition, setting data in non-volatile memory (flash memory), is backed up even in a non-energized state, and setting data is not lost.

7 Online, analog quantity data output

- During operation, the related data can be output in analog mode.

Data setting and monitoring

Very easy operation and monitoring using the 7-inch color LCD operation panel

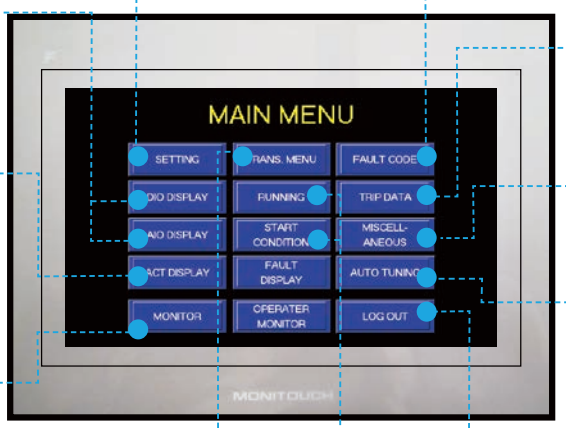
Setting
Setting, change and display of control parameters

DIO display, AIO display
Display input and output state and functional distribution information

Actual value display
Display each actual value of the inverter (frequency command, voltage command, current value command, current detection, etc.)

Monitoring device
Control each actual value of the inverter as displayed on a block diagram

Transmission screen
Display state of transmission and input-output numerical values



Fault screen, fault history
Display fault (major, medium, minor fault) generation time and cause of fault Check up to 100 previous faults in the history

Trip data
Display the data for each component at time of fault

Accessory functions
Set the internal time, check the status of the inverter

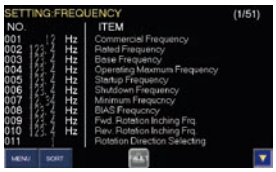
Automatic adjustment
Automatically adjust the motor

Log out
Monitor the screen, but parameters can not be changed

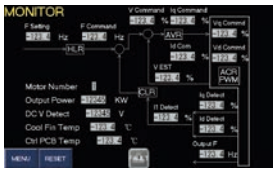
Operation screen and start-up conditions
Confirm frequency settings and operating conditions (satisfied, not satisfied)

Example of display screen

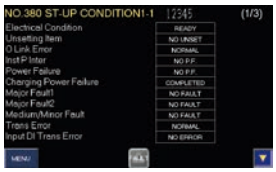
Operation screen



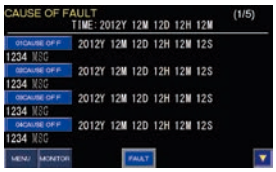
Setting screen



Monitoring screen



Start-up condition screen



Fault history screen

Operation panel display contents

No.	Description	Number of items
1	Current, voltage and frequency at present (*)	7
2	Parameter setting items	About 320
3	Di/Do status display	7
4	Controller RAM data	About 80
5	Ai/Ao status display	11
6	Sent/received data	About 20
7	Cause of fault	20
8	Present time, operation time	3

(*): Displays 7 items on the 2-image screen.

Other functions

Fault history
Displays a chronological record of 100 faults with the cause and the date and time of occurrence.

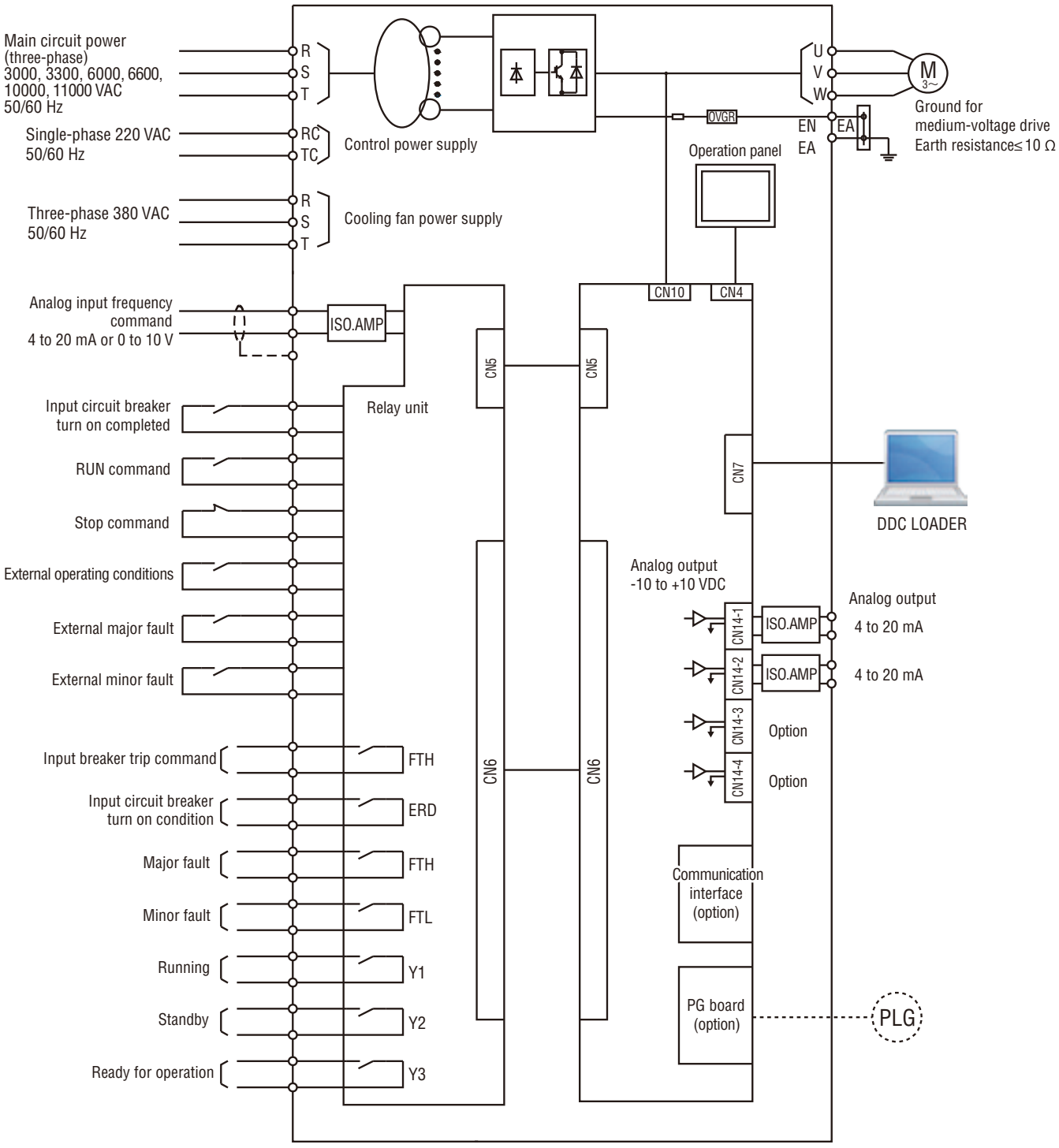
Trip data display
Displays the sampling values of internal data and bit data ON/OFF status in the event of a fault.

Save of set data, load, and comparison
The set data can be saved in the EPROM of the operation panel. The saved data can also be loaded and compared with other saved data.

Inverter standard specifications

Inverter model number		FRENIC4600FM6e
Input	Main circuit	Three-phase, 3000, 3300, 6000, 6600, 10000, 11000 VAC, 50/60 Hz
	Control circuit	Single-phase, 220 VAC 50/60 Hz
	Fan power supply	Three-phase, 380 VAC 50/60 Hz
	Allowable power variation	Voltage: -35% to +10%, Frequency: ±5%
Control	Control method	V/f control with simple speed sensor-less vector, speed sensor-less vector control, control with speed sensor vector
	Output frequency control range	0 Hz to 72 Hz (option: up to 120 Hz)
	Output frequency accuracy	Relative highest frequency ±0.5% (at analog frequency reference input)
	Output frequency resolution	0.005%
	Acceleration and deceleration time	0.1 to 5500 s
	Overload capacity	110% 60 s (made-to-order possible tailored to customer's needs)
	Main control functions	Current limit, resonance point automatic frequency hopping, deceleration overvoltage avoidance, frequency stall control, instantaneous power failure restart, etc. Bypass functions (option)
	Protective functions	Overcurrent, main circuit fuse blown, overvoltage, undervoltage, CPU abnormal, cooling fan stopped, etc.
	Communication functions (option)	T-LINK, Profibus-DP, Modbus
Structure	Panel structure	Steel self-closing panel
	Protection grade	IP20 (option available up to IP42)
	Cooling system	Forced air cooling by fan at panel top
	Paint color	RAL7032 (orange peel finish)
Ambient conditions	Ambient temperature	0 to +40°C (storage temperature: -10 to +60°C)
	Humidity	Less than 90% RH (non-condensing), RH up to 95% option available
	Altitude	Max. 1000 m above sea level (high altitude specification option also available)
	Vibration	4.9 m/s^2 or less (10 to 50 Hz)
	Installation location	Indoor general environment, with no corrosive gas, dust, flammable, explosive gas
Applicable standards		IEC, GB, DL

Standard connection diagram



Standard interface

Input side		
Main circuit power supply	Three-phase 3000/3300/6000/6600/10000/11000 VAC, 50/60 Hz	
Control power supply	Single-phase 200/220 V, 50/60 Hz (10 kV: single-phase 220 V, 50 Hz)	
Fan power supply	Three-phase 200/220 V, 50/60 Hz (10 kV: three-phase 380 V, 50 Hz)	
Frequency setting (*)	0 to 10 V / 0 to 100%	Input impedance 1 MΩ
	or 4 to 20 mA / 0 to 100%	Input impedance 250 Ω
Run command	Opening for run ("a" contact)	Dry contact
Stop command	Opening for stop ("b" contact)	
External operating conditions	Closure when ready ("a" contact)	
Input circuit breaker turn on completed	Closure when closed ("a" contact)	

(*):1 point as standard, maximun 2 points as option.

Output side		
Ready for operation	Closure when ready ("a" contact)	Dry contact (contact capacity: 250 VAC, 2 A or 30 VDC, 3 A)
Running	Closure under operation ("a" contact)	
Major fault	Closure at major fault ("a" contact)	
Minor fault	Closure at minor fault ("a" contact)	
Input circuit breaker turn on condition	Closure when electrical condition ready ("a" contact)	
Input breaker trip command	Closure in major fault ("a" contact)	
Analog signal (option) (*)	0 to 10 V	Load resistance 10 kΩ or more
	4 to 20 mA	Load resistance 750 Ω or less

(*): The analog output signal is selectable (output current, outp-ut voltage, output frequency, and others). 2 points as standard, maximum 4 points as option.

Format Description

FRN46 – 6 F A – 60 5 60 – 1000 A

Basic format

Code	Product category
FRN46-6	FRENIC4600FM6e

Control method

Code	Control method
F	Variable torque (VT), simple speed sensor-less vector control
S	Constant torque (CT), speed sensor-less vector control
V	Constant torque (CT), with speed sensor vector control

Input voltage

Code	Input voltage
30	3.0 kV
33	3.3 kV
60	6.0 kV
66	6.6 kV
X0	10 kV
X1	11 kV

Input frequency

Code	Input frequency
5	50 Hz
6	60 Hz

Output capacity

Code	Output capacity
0450 to 0920	450 to 920 kVA
1000 to 9500	1000 to 9500 kVA
10000 to 18300	10000 to 18300 kVA

* For details, see the reference capacity standard.

Output voltage

Code	Output voltage
30	3.0 kV
33	3.3 kV
60	6.0 kV
66	6.6 kV
X0	10 kV
X1	11 kV

Auxiliary power

Code	Auxiliary power
A	Control power supply: single-phase 220 VAC Fan power supply: three-phase 380 VAC
Z	Other

* There are restrictions on the combination of input and output voltages.

Selection of standard capacity

Voltage rating 3 kV						
Model number	Rated capacity [kVA]	Rated current [A]	Maximum current (overload) [A]	Applicable motor output (Reference) [kW]	Dimensions (Reference)	Approximate mass (weight) [kg]
FRN46-6□A-30□30-0500□	500	97	107	400	Fig. 1	4500
FRN46-6□A-30□30-0700□	700	135	149	560	Fig. 1	4800
FRN46-6□A-30□30-0900□	900	178	196	700	Fig. 1	5000
FRN46-6□A-30□30-1100□	1100	212	233	900	Fig. 2	5300
FRN46-6□A-30□30-1350□	1350	266	293	1120	Fig. 2	5700
FRN46-6□A-30□30-1600□	1600	312	343	1320	Fig. 2	6100
FRN46-6□A-30□30-2000□	2000	385	424	1600	Fig. 3	7300
FRN46-6□A-30□30-2250□	2250	443	487	1800	Fig. 3	7700

Voltage rating 3.3 kV						
Model number	Rated capacity [kVA]	Rated current [A]	Maximum current (overload) [A]	Applicable motor output (Reference) [kW]	Dimensions (Reference)	Approximate mass (weight) [kg]
FRN46-6□A-33□33-0560□	560	97	107	450	Fig. 1	4500
FRN46-6□A-33□33-0770□	770	135	149	630	Fig. 1	4800
FRN46-6□A-33□33-1000□	1000	178	196	800	Fig. 1	5000
FRN46-6□A-33□33-1300□	1300	212	233	1050	Fig. 2	5300
FRN46-6□A-33□33-1500□	1500	266	293	1250	Fig. 2	5700
FRN46-6□A-33□33-1800□	1800	312	343	1450	Fig. 2	6100
FRN46-6□A-33□33-2200□	2200	385	424	1750	Fig. 3	7300
FRN46-6□A-33□33-2500□	2500	443	487	2000	Fig. 3	7700

* 1: Maximum applicable motor output is relative to our 4-pole motor.
* 2: Dimensions and mass (weight) in the description are for reference only. See the final drawings for accurate information.

Dimensions

3 kV/3.3 kV series

Fig. 1

3 kV : 500 to 900 kVA
3.3 kV: 560 to 1000 kVA

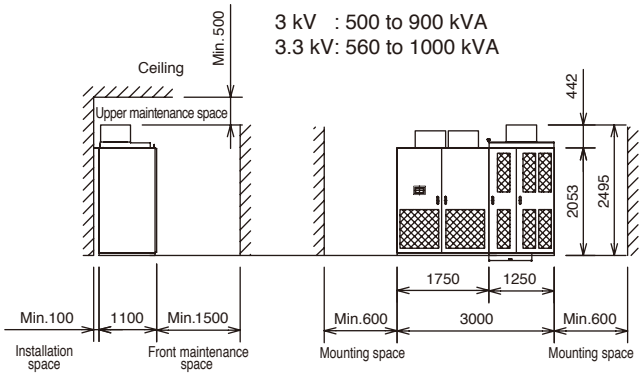


Fig. 2

3 kV : 1100 to 1600 kVA
3.3 kV: 1300 to 1800 kVA

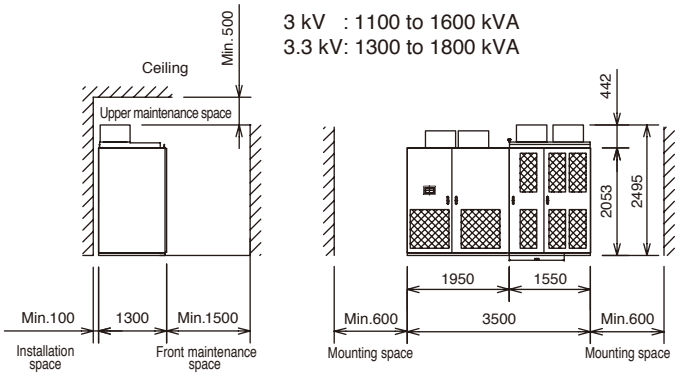
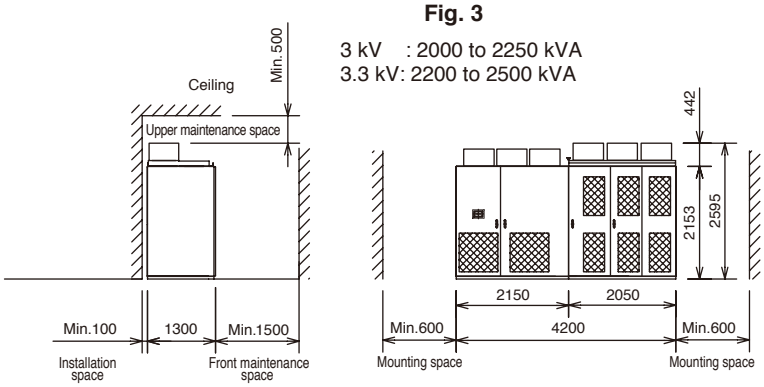


Fig. 3

3 kV : 2000 to 2250 kVA
3.3 kV: 2200 to 2500 kVA



* 1: The above outline reference diagram is the standard. We also offer non-standard designs tailored to meet customers' needs and requirements.
* 2: If a product specification higher than 2500 kVA is required, please contact our sales staff.

Selection of standard capacity

Voltage rating 6 kV						
Model number	Rated capacity [kVA]	Rated current [A]	Maximum current (overload) [A]	Applicable motor output (Reference) [kW]	Dimensions (Reference)	Approximate mass (weight) [kg]
FRN46-6□A-30□30-0500□	450	43	47	355	Fig. 1	2950
FRN46-6□A-60□60-0510□	510	49	54	400	Fig. 1	3050
FRN46-6□A-60□60-0550□	550	53	58	450	Fig. 1	3100
FRN46-6□A-60□60-0610□	610	59	65	500	Fig. 1	3200
FRN46-6□A-60□60-0700□	700	67	74	560	Fig. 1	3250
FRN46-6□A-60□60-0770□	770	74	81	630	Fig. 1	3300
FRN46-6□A-60□60-0880□	880	85	94	710	Fig. 1	3600
FRN46-6□A-60□60-1000□	1000	93	102	800	Fig. 1	3700
FRN46-6□A-60□60-1100□	1100	106	117	900	Fig. 2	3800
FRN46-6□A-60□60-1200□	1200	115	127	1000	Fig. 2	4200
FRN46-6□A-60□60-1350□	1350	130	143	1100	Fig. 2	4300
FRN46-6□A-60□60-1500□	1500	144	158	1250	Fig. 2	4400
FRN46-6□A-60□60-1700□	1700	164	180	1400	Fig. 2	4500
FRN46-6□A-60□60-1850□	1850	178	196	1500	Fig. 2	4600
FRN46-6□A-60□60-2000□	2000	192	211	1600	Fig. 3	7100
FRN46-6□A-60□60-2250□	2250	217	239	1800	Fig. 3	7150
FRN46-6□A-60□60-2500□	2500	241	265	2000	Fig. 3	7650
FRN46-6□A-60□60-2750□	2750	265	292	2240	Fig. 3	7750
FRN46-6□A-60□60-3000□	3000	289	318	2500	Fig. 3	7900
FRN46-6□A-60□60-3250□	3250	312	343	2800	Fig. 3	8000
FRN46-6□A-60□60-3700□	3700	356	392	3150	Fig. 4	10100
FRN46-6□A-60□60-4000□	4000	385	424	3500	Fig. 4	10200
FRN46-6□A-60□60-4600□	4600	443	487	4000	Fig. 4	10300
FRN46-6□A-60□60-4800□	4800	462	508	4200	Fig. 5	11700
FRN46-6□A-60□60-5200□	5200	500	550	4500	Fig. 5	11800
FRN46-6□A-60□60-5850□	5850	563	619	5000	Fig. 6	16000
FRN46-6□A-60□60-6600□	6600	635	699	5600	Fig. 6	16500
FRN46-6□A-60□60-7000□	7000	674	741	6000	Fig. 6	16950
FRN46-6□A-60□60-7500□	7500	722	794	6500	Fig. 7	20500
FRN46-6□A-60□60-8350□	8350	803	883	7200	Fig. 7	21500
FRN46-6□A-60□60-9350□	9350	900	990	8000	Fig. 7	23700
FRN46-6□A-60□60-10000□	10000	962	1058	8600	Fig. 7	25500

* 1: Maximum applicable motor output is relative to our 4-pole motor.
* 2: Dimensions and mass (weight) in the description are for reference only. See the final drawings for accurate information.

Dimensions

6 kV series

Fig. 1

6 kV: 450 to 1000 kVA

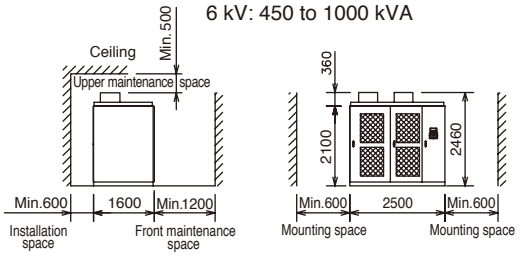


Fig. 2

6 kV: 1100 to 1850 kVA

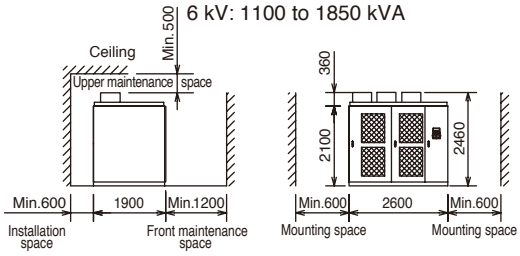


Fig. 3

6 kV: 2000 to 3250 kVA

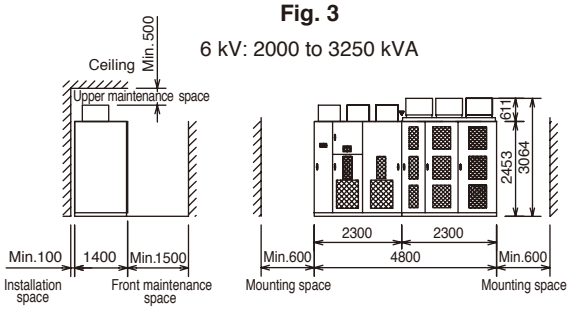


Fig. 4

6 kV: 3700 to 4600 kVA

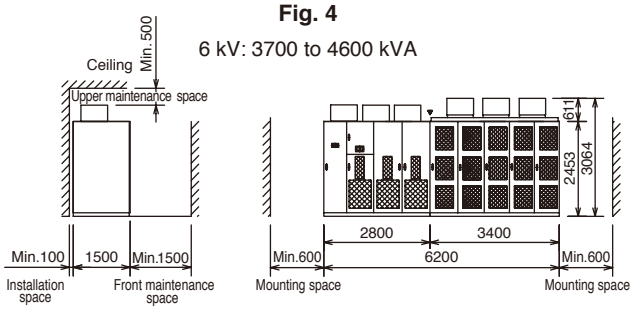


Fig. 5

6 kV: 4800 to 5200 kVA

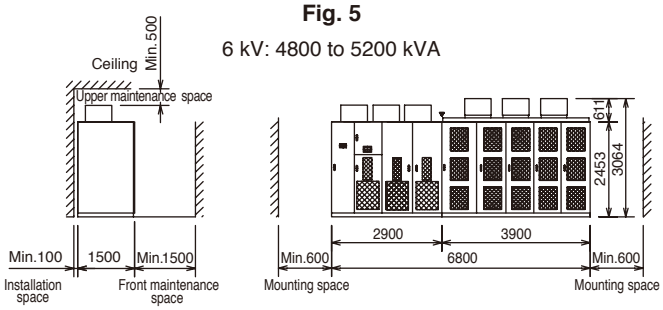


Fig. 6

6 kV: 5850 to 7000 kVA

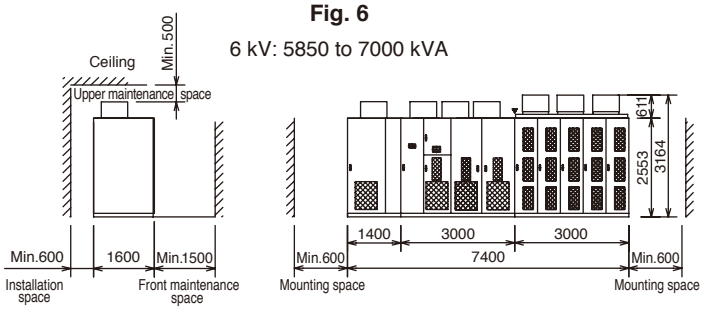
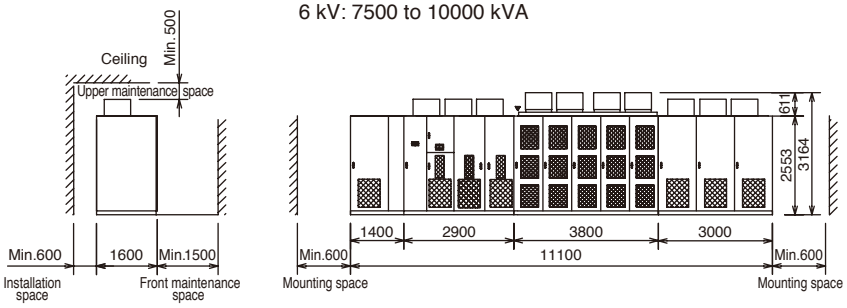


Fig. 7

6 kV: 7500 to 10000 kVA



* 1: The above outline reference diagram is the standard. We also offer non-standard designs tailored to meet customers' needs and requirements.
* 2: If a product specification higher than 11000 kVA is required, please contact our sales staff.

Selection of standard capacity

Voltage rating 6.6 kV						
Model number	Rated capacity [kVA]	Rated current [A]	Maximum current (overload) [A]	Applicable motor output (Reference) [kW]	Dimensions (Reference)	Approximate mass (weight) [kg]
FRN46-6□A-30□30-0500□	500	44	48	400	Fig. 1	2950
FRN46-6□A-66□66-0550□	550	48	53	450	Fig. 1	3050
FRN46-6□A-66□66-0610□	610	53	58	500	Fig. 1	3100
FRN46-6□A-66□66-0700□	700	61	67	560	Fig. 1	3200
FRN46-6□A-66□66-0770□	770	67	74	630	Fig. 1	3250
FRN46-6□A-66□66-0880□	880	77	85	710	Fig. 1	3300
FRN46-6□A-66□66-1000□	1000	87	96	800	Fig. 1	3600
FRN46-6□A-66□66-1100□	1100	93	102	900	Fig. 1	3700
FRN46-6□A-66□66-1200□	1200	105	116	1000	Fig. 2	3800
FRN46-6□A-66□66-1350□	1350	118	130	1120	Fig. 2	4200
FRN46-6□A-66□66-1500□	1500	130	143	1250	Fig. 2	4300
FRN46-6□A-66□66-1700□	1700	149	164	1400	Fig. 2	4400
FRN46-6□A-66□66-1850□	1850	162	178	1500	Fig. 2	4500
FRN46-6□A-66□66-2000□	2000	178	196	1600	Fig. 2	4600
FRN46-6□A-66□66-2250□	2250	197	217	1800	Fig. 3	7100
FRN46-6□A-66□66-2500□	2500	219	241	2000	Fig. 3	7150
FRN46-6□A-66□66-2750□	2750	241	265	2240	Fig. 3	7650
FRN46-6□A-66□66-3000□	3000	266	293	2500	Fig. 3	7750
FRN46-6□A-66□66-3250□	3250	284	312	2800	Fig. 3	7900
FRN46-6□A-66□66-3600□	3600	312	343	3000	Fig. 3	8000
FRN46-6□A-66□66-4000□	4000	350	385	3500	Fig. 4	10100
FRN46-6□A-66□66-4800□	4800	420	462	4000	Fig. 4	10200
FRN46-6□A-66□66-5100□	5100	443	487	4200	Fig. 4	10300
FRN46-6□A-66□66-5400□	5400	472	519	4500	Fig. 5	11700
FRN46-6□A-66□66-5700□	5700	500	550	4800	Fig. 5	11800
FRN46-6□A-66□66-6600□	6600	577	635	5600	Fig. 6	16000
FRN46-6□A-66□66-7000□	7000	612	673	6000	Fig. 6	16250
FRN46-6□A-66□66-7700□	7700	674	741	6500	Fig. 6	16950
FRN46-6□A-66□66-8350□	8350	730	803	7200	Fig. 7	20500
FRN46-6□A-66□66-9350□	9350	818	900	8000	Fig. 7	21500
FRN46-6□A-66□66-10000□	10000	875	963	8600	Fig. 7	23700
FRN46-6□A-66□66-11000□	11000	962	1058	9500	Fig. 7	25500

* 1: Maximum applicable motor output is relative to our 4-pole motor.
* 2: Dimensions and mass (weight) in the description are for reference only. See the final drawings for accurate information.

6.6 kV series

Fig. 1

6.6 kV: 500 to 1100 kVA

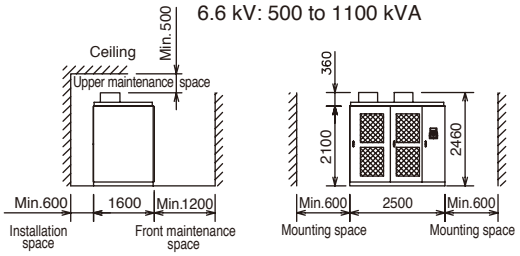


Fig. 2

6.6 kV: 1200 to 2000 kVA

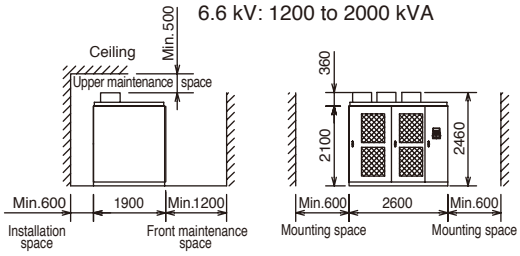


Fig. 3

6.6 kV: 2250 to 3600 kVA

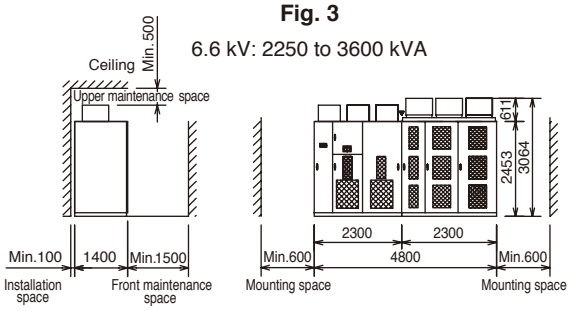


Fig. 4

6.6 kV: 4000 to 5100 kVA

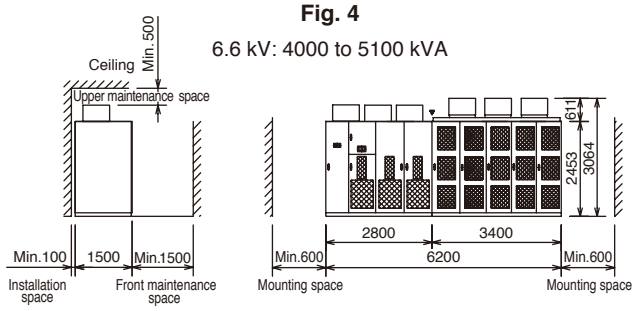


Fig. 5

6.6 kV: 5400 to 5700 kVA

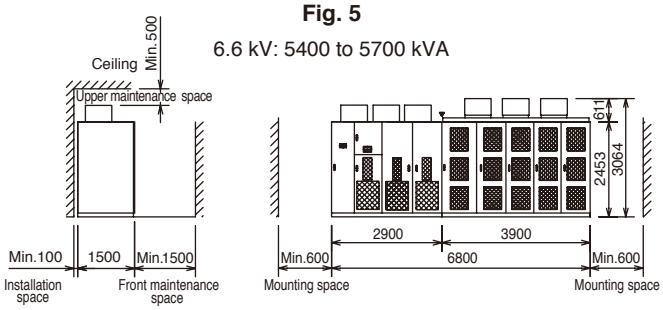


Fig. 6

6.6 kV: 6600 to 7700 kVA

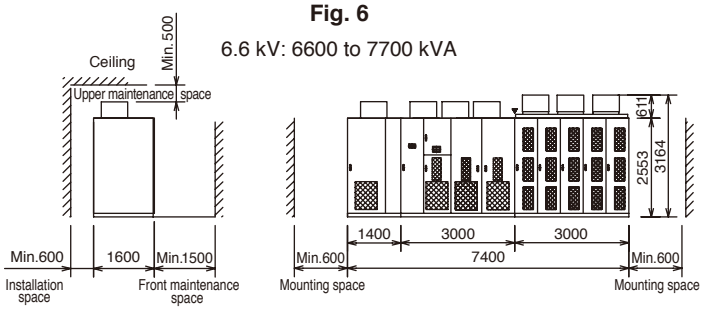
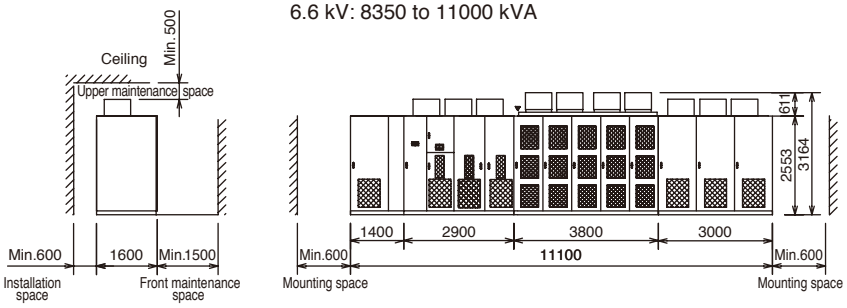


Fig. 7

6.6 kV: 8350 to 11000 kVA



* 1: The above outline reference diagram is the standard. We also offer non-standard designs tailored to meet customers' needs and requirements.
* 2: If a product specification higher than 11000 kVA is required, please contact our sales staff.

Selection of standard capacity

Voltage rating 10 kV						
Model number	Rated capacity [kVA]	Rated current [A]	Maximum current (overload) [A]	Applicable motor output (Reference) [kW]	Dimensions (Reference)	Approximate mass (weight) [kg]
FRN46-6□A-30□30-0500□	500	29	32	400	Fig. 1	3700
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-0625□	625	36	40	500	Fig. 1	3900
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-0700□	700	40	44	560	Fig. 1	4000
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-0800□	800	46	51	630	Fig. 1	4100
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-0920□	920	53	58	710	Fig. 1	4200
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-1000□	1000	58	64	800	Fig. 1	4300
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-1160□	1160	67	74	900	Fig. 1	4600
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-1280□	1280	74	81	1000	Fig. 1	4700
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-1350□	1350	78	86	1120	Fig. 1	4800
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-1500□	1500	87	96	1250	Fig. 1	4900
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-1600□	1600	93	102	1300	Fig. 1	5000
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-1700□	1700	98	108	1400	Fig. 2	6000
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-1850□	1850	107	118	1500	Fig. 2	6100
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-2000□	2000	115	127	1600	Fig. 2	6700
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-2250□	2250	130	143	1800	Fig. 2	6800
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-2500□	2500	144	158	2000	Fig. 2	6950
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-2750□	2750	159	175	2240	Fig. 2	7050
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-3080□	3080	178	196	2500	Fig. 2	7150
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-3350□	3350	193	212	2800	Fig. 3	9900
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-3750□	3750	217	239	3200	Fig. 3	11500
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-4200□	4200	242	266	3600	Fig. 3	11600
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-4600□	4600	266	293	4000	Fig. 3	11800
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-5000□	5000	289	318	4300	Fig. 4	11900
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-5400□	5400	312	343	4500	Fig. 4	13000
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-5850□	5850	338	372	5000	Fig. 5	13050
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-6600□	6600	381	419	5600	Fig. 5	14200
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-7000□	7000	404	444	6000	Fig. 6	19650
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-7700□	7700	443	487	6500	Fig. 6	19850
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-8000□	8000	462	508	6800	Fig. 6	20300
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-8700□	8700	500	550	7400	Fig. 6	20400
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-10500□	10500	606	667	9000	Fig. 7	22000
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-11700□	11700	675	743	10000	Fig. 7	22400
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-13500□	13500	779	857	12000	Fig. 8	20300
FRN46-6□A-X0□X0-16500□	16500	962	1058	15000	Fig. 8	28800

* 1: Maximum applicable motor output is relative to our 4-pole motor.
* 2: Dimensions and mass (weight) in the description are for reference only. See the final drawings for accurate information.

10 kV series

Fig. 1
10 kV: 500 to 1600 kVA

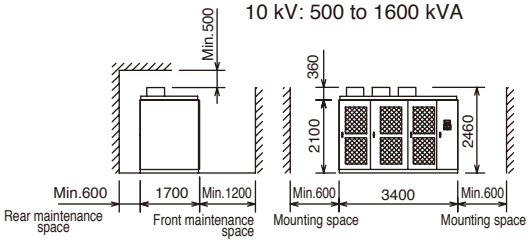


Fig. 2
10 kV: 1700 to 3080 kVA

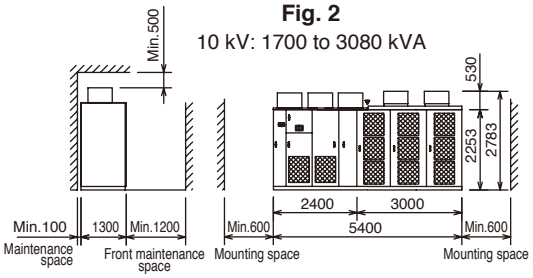


Fig. 3
10 kV: 3350 to 4600 kVA

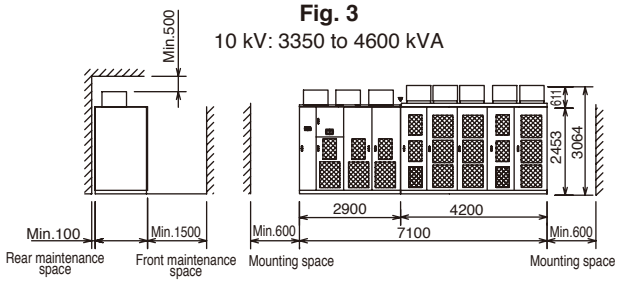


Fig. 4
10 kV: 5000 to 5400 kVA

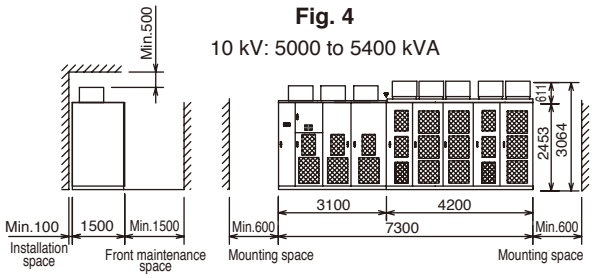


Fig. 5
10 kV: 5850 to 6600 kVA

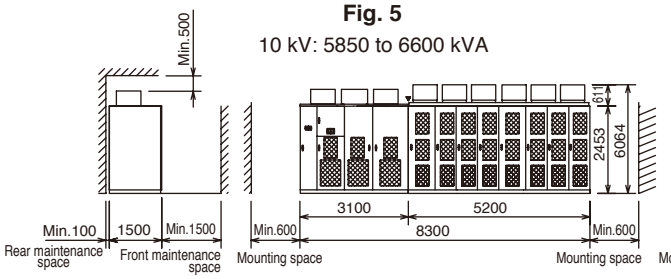


Fig. 6
10 kV: 7000 to 8700 kVA

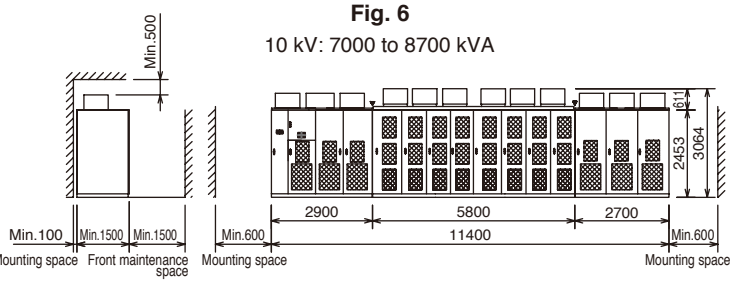


Fig. 7
10 kV: 10500 to 11700 kVA

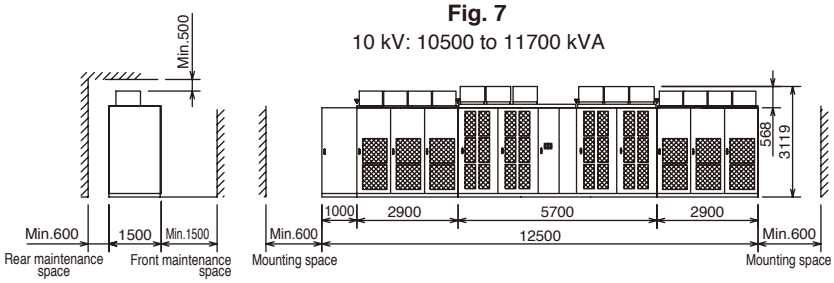
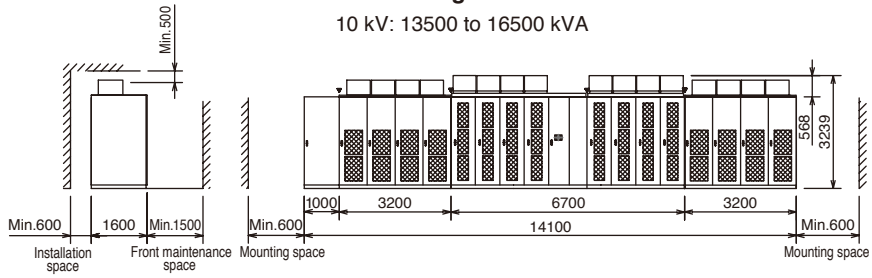


Fig. 8
10 kV: 13500 to 16500 kVA



* 1: The above outline reference diagram is the standard. We also offer non-standard designs tailored to meet customers' needs and requirements.
* 2: If a product specification higher than 16500 kVA is required, please contact our sales staff.

Selection of standard capacity

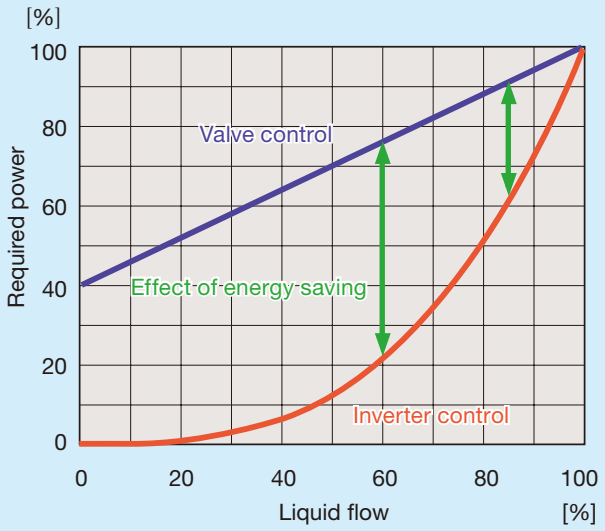
Voltage rating 11 kV						
Model number	Rated capacity [kVA]	Rated current [A]	Maximum current (overload) [A]	Applicable motor output (Reference) [kW]	Dimensions (Reference)	Approximate mass (weight) [kg]
FRN46-6□A-30□30-0500□	625	33	36	500	-	3850
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-0625□	700	37	41	560	-	4050
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-0800□	800	42	46	630	-	4150
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-0920□	920	48	53	710	-	4250
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-1000□	1000	52	57	800	-	4350
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-1150□	1150	60	66	900	-	4450
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-1280□	1280	67	74	1000	-	4750
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-1350□	1350	71	78	1120	-	4850
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-1500□	1500	79	87	1250	-	4950
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-1600□	1600	84	92	1300	-	5050
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-1750□	1750	93	102	1400	-	5150
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-1850□	1850	97	107	1500	-	6200
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-2000□	2000	105	116	1600	-	6300
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-2250□	2250	118	130	1800	-	6900
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-2500□	2500	130	143	2000	-	7000
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-2750□	2750	144	158	2240	-	7150
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-3100□	3100	163	179	2500	-	7250
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-3400□	3400	178	196	2800	-	7350
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-3750□	3750	197	217	3200	-	10150
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-4200□	4200	220	242	3600	-	11750
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-4600□	4600	241	265	4000	-	11850
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-5000□	5000	266	293	4300	-	12050
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-5400□	5400	283	311	4500	-	12200
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-6000□	6000	312	343	5000	-	13300
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-6600□	6600	346	381	5600	-	13450
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-7000□	7000	367	404	6000	-	14600
FRN46-6□A-X1□X0-7700□	7700	404	444	6500	-	20150
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-8400□	8400	443	487	7000	-	20350
FRN46-6□A-X0□X1-8700□	8700	462	508	7500	-	20800
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-9500□	9500	500	550	8000	-	20900
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-11500□	11500	604	664	10000	-	22600
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-12800□	12800	675	743	11000	-	23000
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-15000□	15000	787	866	13000	-	28700
FRN46-6□A-X1□X1-18300□	18300	962	1058	15000	-	29500

* 1: Maximum applicable motor output is relative to our 4-pole motor.
* 2: Dimensions and mass (weight) in the description are for reference only. See the final drawings for accurate information.

FRENIC4600FM6e inverter operation promises substantial energy saving and CO_2 reduction.

In air-conditioning or pumping facilities, fans or pumps typically run at a constant speed even when the load (liquid flow) is light. Adjustable speed control according to the load (air or liquid flow) through inverter operation greatly reduces energy consumption and maintains the maximum possible motor efficiency even at low-speed operation.

Liquid flow and power characteristics



Principle of energy conservation

This can be seen with the principle of fluid dynamics.

$$\frac{Q_1}{Q_2}=\frac{N_1}{N_2},\ \frac{H_1}{H_2}=\left(\frac{N_1}{N_2}\right)^2,\ \frac{P_A}{P_C}=\left(\frac{N_1}{N_2}\right)^3$$

In the equation:
N—rotational speed of the motor
Q—flow
H—pressure
P—shaft output

In the above equation, the flow rate of the load and rotational speed of the motor; the pressure of the load and the square of the rotational speed of the motor; and the output of the load and the cube of the rotational speed of the motor, all have a directly proportional relationship.

Example of usage and effects

When a constant speed electric motor that controls a valve (damper) is operated at a variable speed by the inverter, the energy-saving effects (cost savings) on electric power charges will be as follows.

Example conditions for calculation

Motor output:
1,000 kW, for annual operation time 4,000 hours
Operation pattern:
85% flow for 1/2 of overall time (2,000 hours)
60% flow for the remaining half (2,000 hours)

During constant speed operation of motor

At 85% load of liquid flow (Q)
Required power = 91% x 1,000 kW = 910 kW
At 60% load of liquid flow (Q)
Required power = 76 x 1,000 kW = 760 kW
Annual power consumption
910 kW x 2,000 h + 760 kW x 2,000 h = 3,340,000 kWh

During inverter operation (variable speed operation by the inverter)

At 85% load of liquid flow (Q)
Required power = 61% x 1,000 kW = 610 kW
At 60% load of liquid flow (Q)
Required power = 22% x 1,000 kW = 220 kW
Annual power consumption
610 kW x 2,000 h + 220 kW x 2,000 h = 1,660,000 kWh

Annual energy saving effect

3,340,000 - 1,660,000 = 1,680,000 kWh
If 1 kWh = 0.8 yuan, the electricity bill for the year will be 1.344 million yuan (RMB).
CO_2 reduction = 635,040kg

Abundant variations in the series

The abundant variation of products in this series can meet a variety of needs.

Application	Series	Features	Output voltage [V]	Capacity range [kVA] 10 100 1000 10000
For plant	FRENIC 4000VM5	Vector controlled inverter for plants • High-performance vector control system for quick response, high-accuracy and wide range of speed control. • The DC-link system allows highly efficient plant operation.	400	5400
	FRENIC 4000FM5	V/f controlled inverter for plants • Frequency of fan, pump and group-driven motors can be controlled accurately. • The DC-link system allows highly efficient plant operation.	400	900
	FRENIC 4400VM5	Large-capacity vector controlled inverter • The capacity of FRENIC4000 series units has been increased due to 3-level control.	800	6000
	FRENIC 4400FM5	Large-capacity V/f controlled inverter • The capacity of FRENIC4000 series units has been increased due to 3-level control.	800	2000
	FRENIC 4800VM5	Medium-voltage, water-cooling, large-capacity and vector controlled inverter • The capacity of FRENIC4000 series units has been increased due to 3-level control. • Downsizing achieved by adopting a water-cooling system	3100	24000
For general industry (medium-voltage)	FRENIC 4600FM5e	Medium-voltage direct-output inverter (for fans and pumps) • Compact design • Variable speed operation of medium-voltage motors saves energy. • Circuit configuration and control are well designed for power supplies and motors.	3000/3300 4160 6000/6600 10000	4750/5200 3300 9500/10500 7950
	FRENIC 4600FM6e	Medium-voltage large-capacity V/f • Vector controlled inverter • Two-level control technology • Applicable for power plants, steel mills, and cement factories • Generator friendly circuit configuration and control design • Power quality is not degraded.	3000/3300 6000/6600 10000 11000	2500 11000 16500 18300
For general industry (low-voltage)	FRENIC-VG	High-performance vector controlled inverter	200 400	90 kW 800 kW
	FRENIC-MEGA	High-performance V/f controlled inverter	200 400	90 kW 630 kW
	FRENIC-ECO	V/f controlled inverter for fans and pumps	200 400	110 kW 560 kW

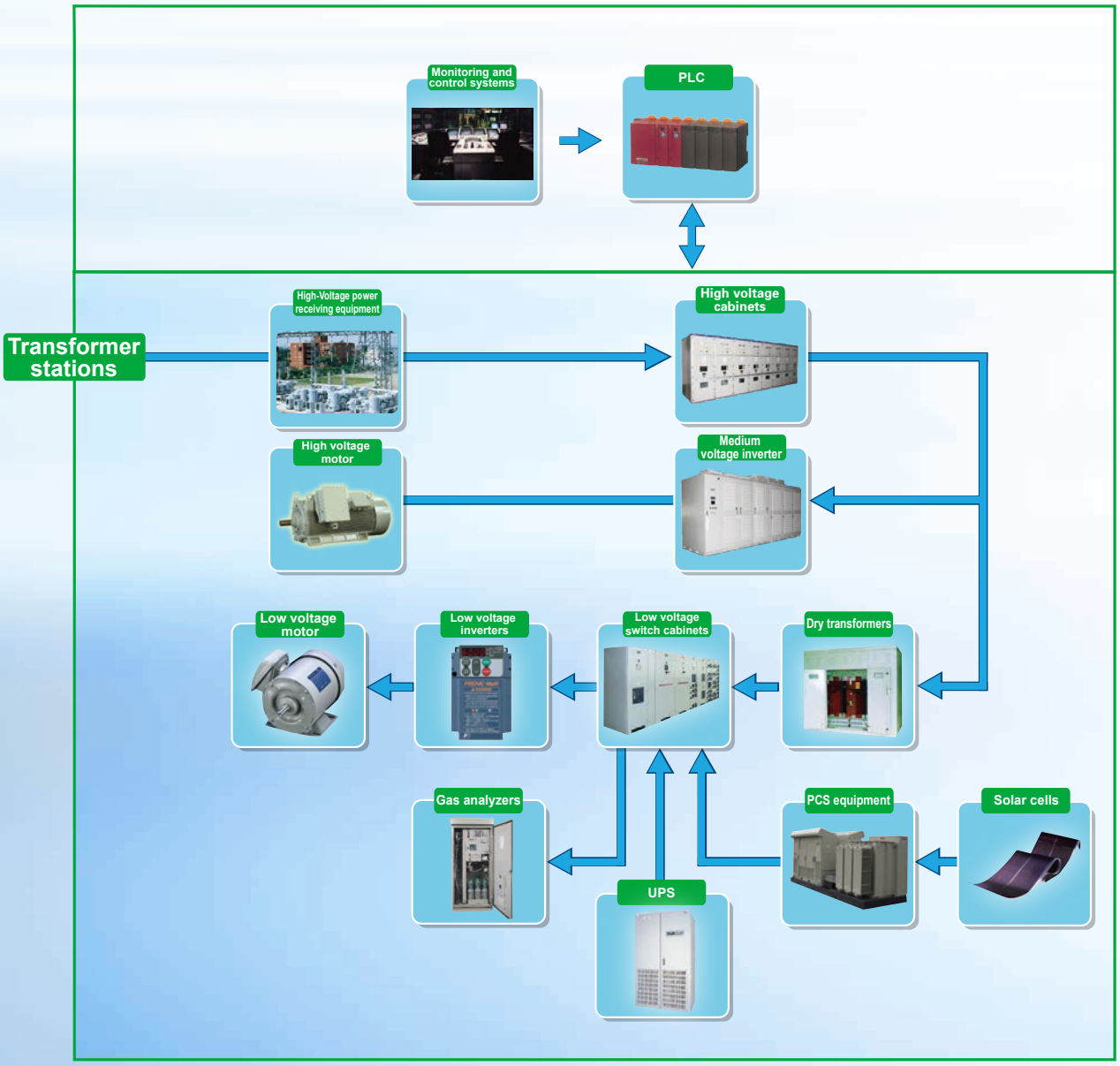
Fuji electrical system solutions

With convenient, reliable solutions to meet the different needs of various customers

With more than 10 years experience, Fuji Electric has provided complete, convenient, effective, reliable solutions in countries and regions all around the world. Fuji Electric has helped enterprise customers improve their production efficiency, fulfill environmental requirements, and reduce lower operations costs. With customized smart production management systems and automated technology control systems, Fuji Electric has solved all kinds of difficulties for customers so they could meet all types of requirements.

Fuji Electric has used its exclusive technical support and outstanding service ethic to become the industry's energy-saving and energy generation expert, providing a series of product solutions in the following areas:

•Energy systems •Industrial systems •Social systems



Ordering information

When placing an order or making an inquiry, please state the following.

1. Application of inverter

2. Load machine specifications

- Name (Pump, Fan, Blower, Air compressor, Other)
- Load torque characteristics (Square-law speed, Constant torque, Constant output)
- Moment of load inertia after conversion into motor shaft (J): ☐ kg•m^2
- Overload: ☐ %

3. Input specifications

- Rated voltage: ☐ V ± ☐ %
- Rated frequency: ☐ Hz ± ☐ %
- Control power supply: Single-phase, two-wires, 220 V, 50 Hz
- Fan power supply: Three-phase, three-wires, 380 V, 50 Hz

4. Drive motor

- Motor specifications (Existing or New installation)
- Rating

  Output: ☐ kW, No. of poles: ☐,

  Voltage: ☐ kV, Frequency: ☐ Hz,

  Speed: ☐ r/min, Rated current: ☐ A

5. Rotational speed control range: ☐ r/min to ☐ r/min

6. Rotational frequency setting method

- (Analog signal: 4 to 20 mA, 0 to 10 V, Up/down signal, etc.)

7. Commercial power source bypass circuit (with or without)

8. Ambient conditions

- Install location: Indoor
- Altitude
- Provision of air conditioning
- Limit on carrying-in
- Humidity
- Temperature

Fuji Electric Co., Ltd.
Gate City Ohsaki, East Tower, 11-2, Osaki 1-chome, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo 141-0032, Japan
Phone : +81-3-5435-7111

Internet address : www.fujielectric.co.jp

2018-3(C2018a/D2016)OD2FOLS Printed in Japan