

# Semiconductors Business Group Research and Development looking toward FY2026

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## Contributions to vehicle electrification, more compact power electronics, energy savings, and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions reductions

### Automotive

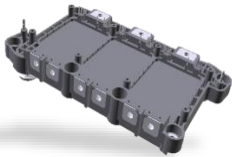
(Domestic sales: 68%: Overseas sales 32%)



#### xEVs / Gasoline Vehicles

xEV motor control, engine control, transmission control, brake control, steering control, etc.

#### Automotive modules



#### Automotive discrete devices



### Net sales (FY2023 results)

**¥228.0 billion**

(Domestic sales: 47%; Overseas sales: 53%)\*

### Modules

85%

Automotive 55% Industrial 45%

#### Industrial modules



#### Industrial discrete devices Photoconductors



### Industrial

(Domestic sales: 23%: Overseas sales 77%)



#### FA (invertors, servos)



#### Air conditioners (commercial/household)



#### Renewable Energy (wind power, solar power)



#### Flat-screen TVs



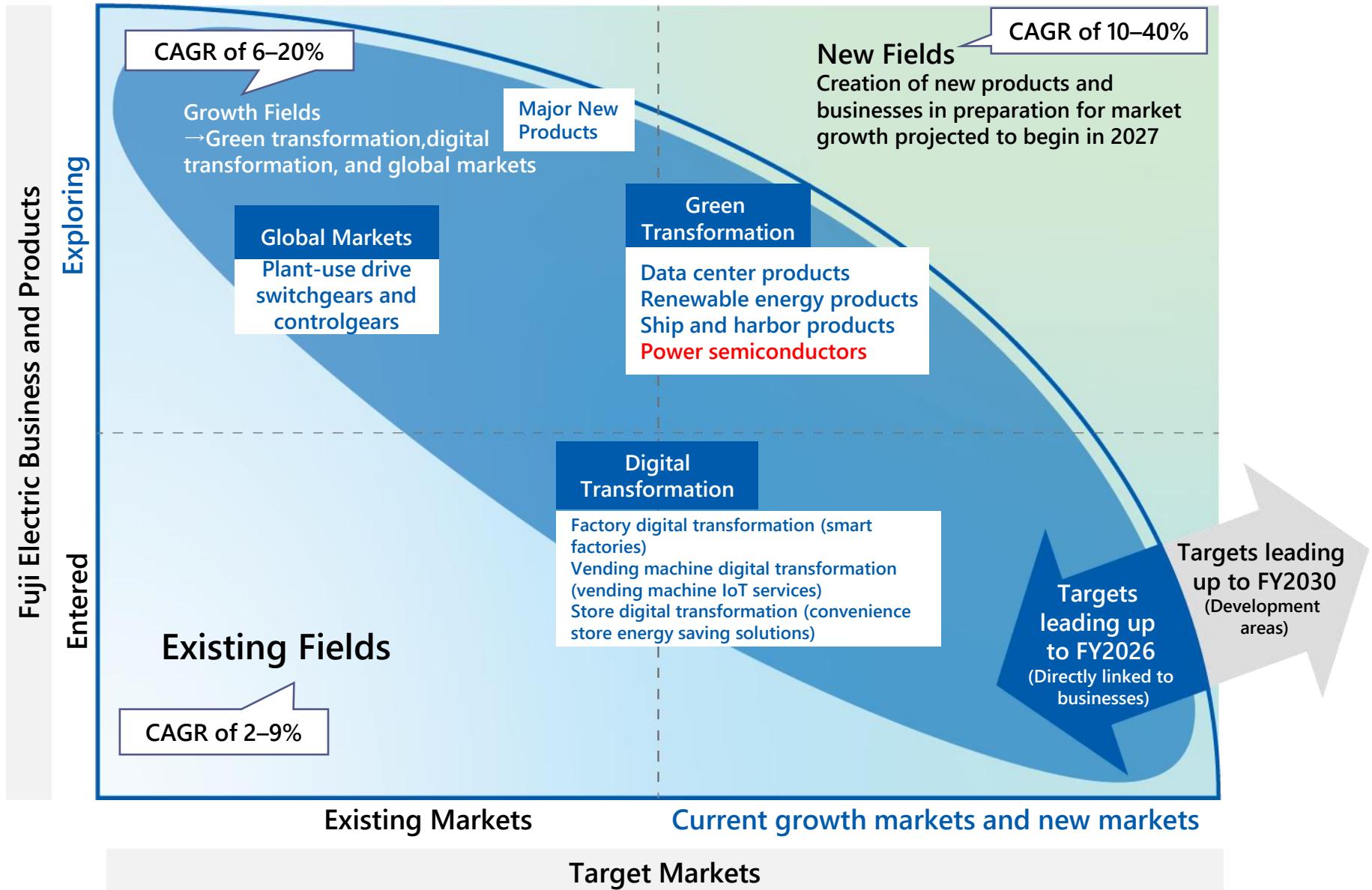
#### Miniature UPSs



#### Printers

Note: Percentages of total net sales figures represent FY2023 results and are calculated before deduction and adjustment for inter-segment sales.

# Key Development Themes of FY2026 Medium-Term Management Plan



Demand for more compact, low-loss, and reliable power modules in response to needs for longer driving distances, larger vehicle interiors, and lower failure rates for electrified vehicles

## Automotive module

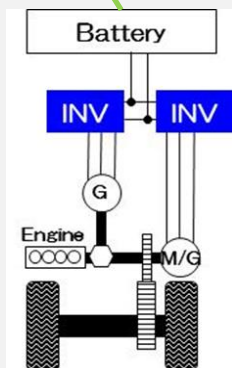
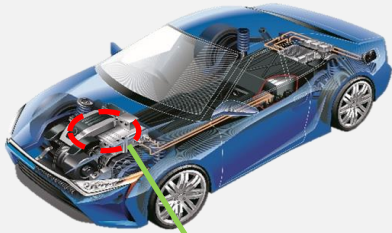


### Equipment

### Needs

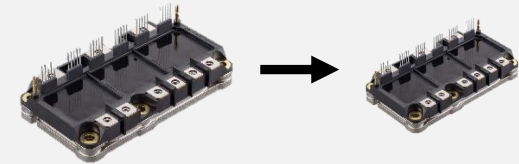
### Technical Requirements for Power Modules

#### Drive inverters



- Longer driving distances (improved electricity efficiency)
- More-compact and lighter-weight batteries
- Larger vehicle interiors
- Lower failure rates

#### • Compact design



- Lower losses
- Higher reliability

Demand for power modules with increased output, lower losses, and higher reliability driven by needs for greater resource and energy efficiency and longer lifespans

## Industrial modules



### Equipment

### Needs

### Technical Requirements for Power Modules

#### Renewable energy PCS



- Resource efficiency (more-compact equipment)
- Energy efficiency (higher efficiency)
- Low failure rates
- Longer lifespans

- Increased output (compact design)



Need for fewer modules thanks to higher output

#### Factory automation

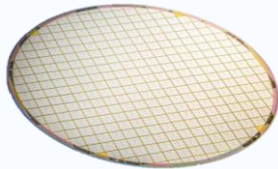


- Resource efficiency (more-compact equipment)
- Energy efficiency (higher efficiency)

- Lower losses
- Higher reliability

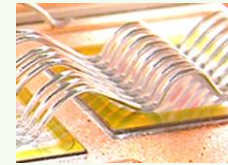
Promote development of modules that are more compact and reliable and feature lower losses with world-leading chip and package technologies

## Chip Technologies



- Low losses (compact design)
  - ✓ IGBTs, RC-IGBTs
  - ✓ SiC MOSs

## Package Technologies



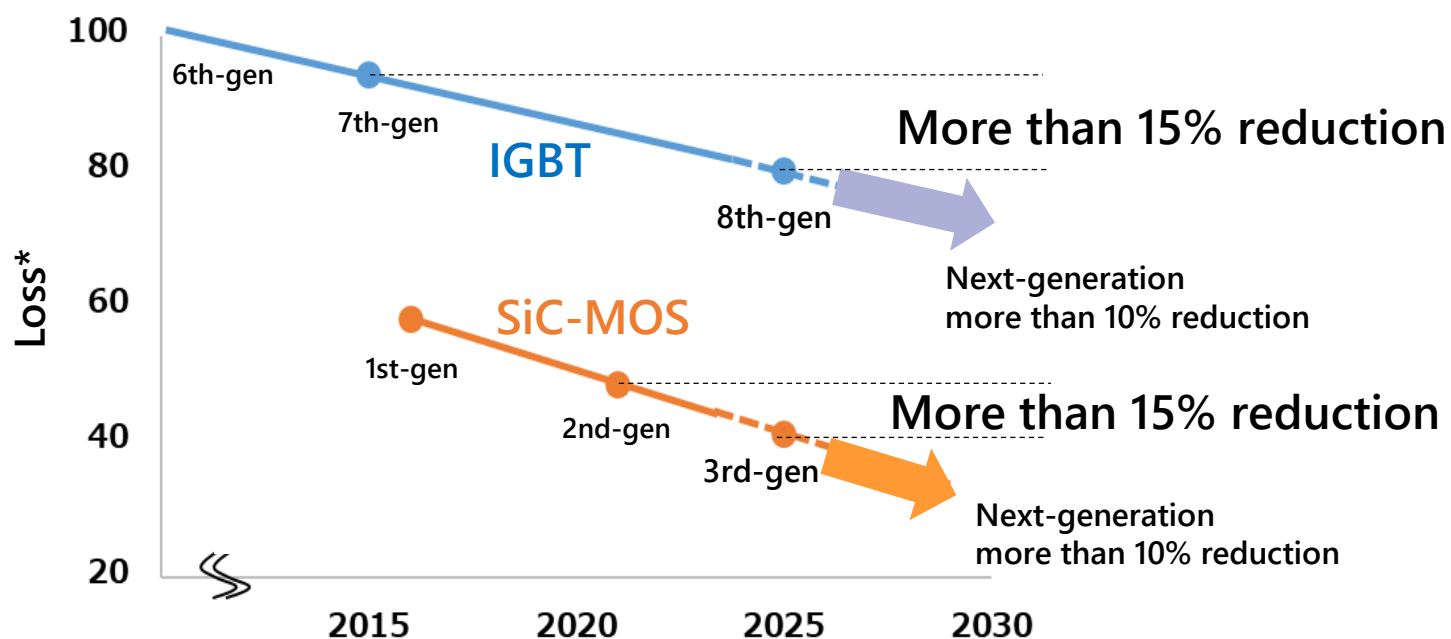
- Operation at higher temperature
- Larger current
  - ✓ Automotive
  - ✓ Industrial

### Modules

- Compact design
- Loss losses
  - High reliability

## Development of new products (8th-generation IGBTs, 3rd-generation SiC MOSs) and next-generation products with lower losses

- ✓ 8th-generation IGBTs: Reduction of losses through unique surface structure and thinner wafers
- ✓ 3rd-generation SiC MOSs: Reduction of losses through new structure (proprietary precision-engineered structure)

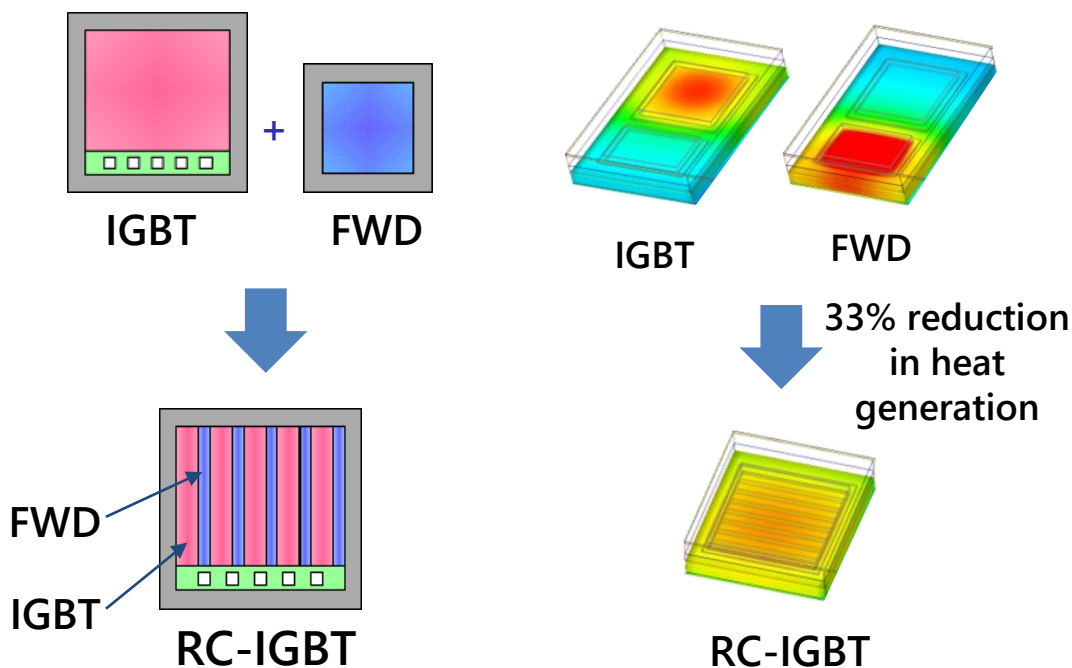


\* 6th-generation Si-IGBTs indexed to 100

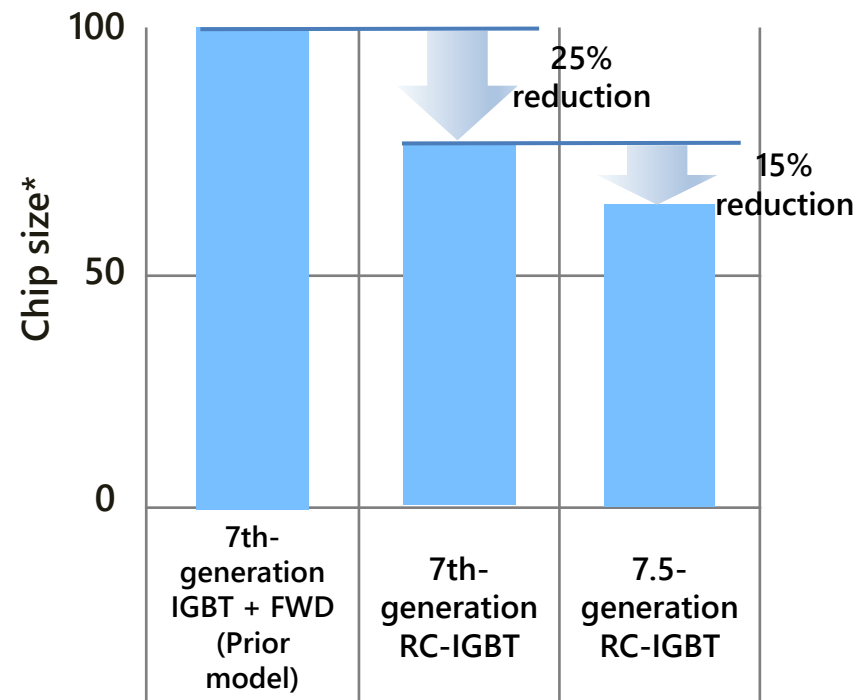


Promotion of compact design using latest chip technologies based on past successes adopting these technologies for use with electrified vehicle drive inverters

- ✓ Limitation of heat generation with RC-IGBTs employing chips with size equal to combined size of IGBTs and FWDs allowing for smaller chips to be used for same temperature ranges



Low temperature High temperature



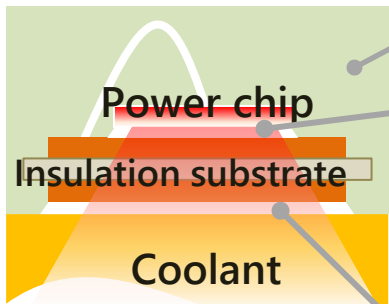
\* 7th-generation IGBT + FWD indexed to 100



# Packaging Technology: Operation at higher temperature and larger current

Increases in package output (through compact design) using technologies for achieving operation under high temperatures and compatibility with large current

## Technology for operation at higher temperatures (Industrial & Automotive)



Chip temperatures:  
Up to 175°C

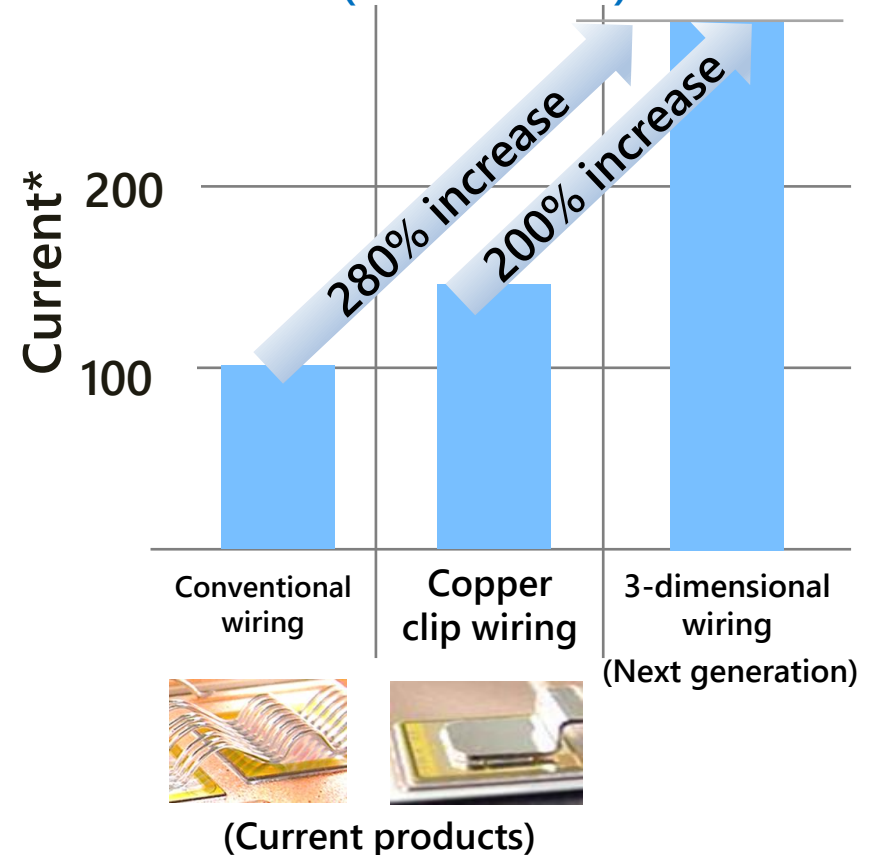
Sealing: High-heat-resistance epoxy resin

Chip connection:  
Metal sintering

Case temperatures:  
Up to 125°C

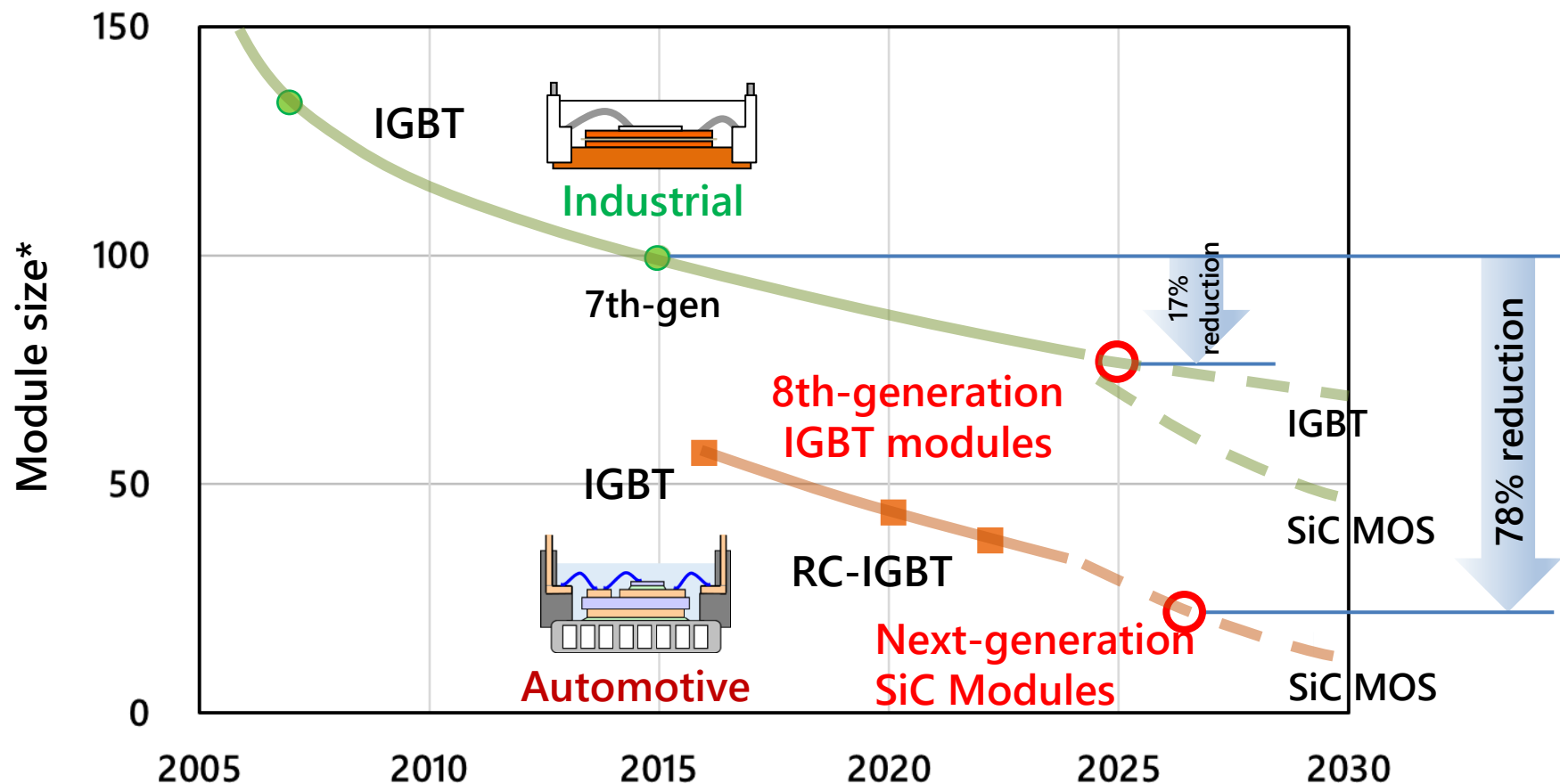
Insulation substrate connection:  
Multi-material solder

## Large Current Compatibility Technologies (Automotive)



\* Conventional wiring indexed to 100




## Evolution of chip and package technologies to achieve industry-leading levels of compact design



\* 7th-generation industrial modules (2015) indexed to 100

# Product Launch Schedule

**Industrial modules: Launch of 8th-generation IGBTs and SiC modules in late FY2025**  
**Automotive modules: Launch of RC-IGBT modules for compact and light vehicles in late FY2025 and SiC modules for battery-electric vehicles in FY2026**

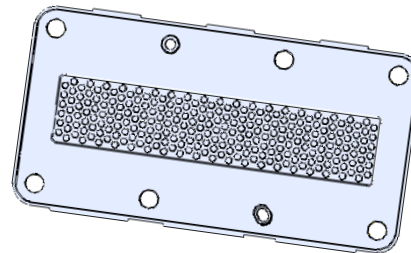
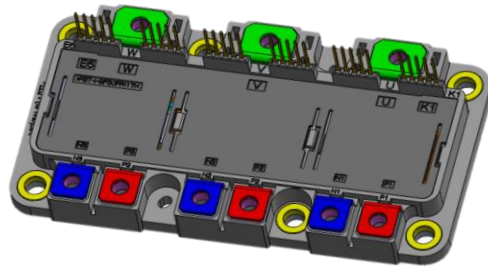
Semiconductor Type		FY2023	FY2024	FY2025	FY2026	FY2027	FY2028
Industrial	Renewable Energy	7th-generation IGBTs			Large-capacity SiC modules 3rd-generation SiC MOSs		
	Factory Automation						
Automotive	Battery-electric vehicles	4th-generation RC-IGBT modules			Next-generation SiC modules 3rd-generation SiC MOSs		
	Hybrid-electric vehicles	Medium/Large				Compact RC-IGBT modules	
		Compact/Light					

## Use of latest RC-IGBT technologies and open fin structures to achieve industry-leading levels of compact design

### Features and Strengths of Compact RC-IGBT Modules

#### ◆ Compact and Low-Profile Design



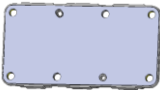
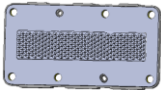
25% reduction in size  
50% reduction in height  
Note: In comparison to prior models



Open fin structure

Dimensions: W136 mm × D70 mm × H14 mm

#### ◆ Compatibility with outputs of 50 kW, 75 kW, and 100 kW via changes in chips and fins without changing dimensions

Inverter output	50 kW	75 kW	100 kW
RC-IGBT chip size	Small 	→ Increase →	Large 
Cooling structures	Flat base 	→ Enhance →	Pin fin 

### Development Focuses

- High reliability achieved using on-chip sensors
- Low-profile via open fin structure

### Launch Timing



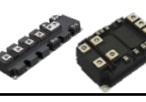
- Mass-production scheduled to commence in FY2025

## Contributions to more compact industrial equipment through increased output via use of 8th-generation IGBTs and functionality under high temperatures

### Features and Strengths of 8th-Generation IGBT Modules

8th-generation  
Increase of rated current  
without changing package

#### Increases to Output (1.2 kV specification models)

Product Class	Rated Current (A)									
	20	-	200	250	-	800	1000	-	1500	1800
Small capacity 	Increase		7th-gen		Increase		8th-gen			
Medium capacity 										
Large capacity 	Increase		7th-gen		Increase		8th-gen			

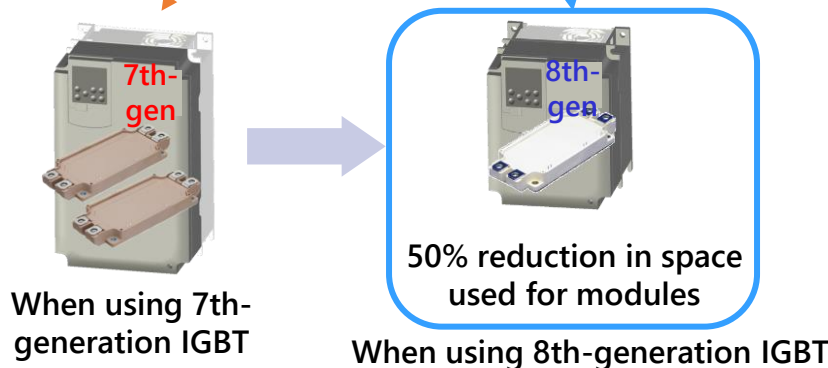
### Development Focuses

- Increased output due to functionality under high temperatures

### Launch Timing

- Mass-production scheduled to commence in FY2025

#### Benefits of Higher-Current Products—Reduction of Inverter Size



## Higher output and efficiency achieved through use of 3rd-generation SiC MOSs and new packages

### Features and Strengths of Large-Capacity SiC Modules

- ◆ Increased output (50% increase in comparison to 7th-generation IGBTs)



60% reduction in loss in comparison to 7th-generation IGBTs

Dimensions: W140 mm × D100 mm × H40 mm

### ◆ Planned Product Lineup

	Rated Voltage	Rated Current
Large-capacity SiC modules	2.3 kV	1200 A
	3.3 kV	850 A

### Development Focuses

- Reduction of loss through low inductance
- Optimization of port layout to enhance ease of parallel connection

### Launch Timing

- Mass-production scheduled to commence in FY2025

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