

Review of Operations—

Fiscal 2013 Performance and Priority Measures for Fiscal 2014

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014, Fuji Electric's operating environment saw strong demand in areas related to renewable energy and energy saving in the domestic market and power electronics and semiconductors in the overseas market. In response to these conditions, Fuji Electric established foundations for growth to facilitate future business expansion and promoted business management with a strong focus on earnings in order to further strengthen profitability. Net sales rose ¥14.1 billion year on year to ¥759.9 billion. Operating income improved ¥11.1 billion year on year to ¥33.1 billion. This reflected improved profitability stemming from the rigorous reduction of costs and expenses as well as a significant contribution from the vending machine business and the power semiconductors and drive businesses, which underwent business restructuring during fiscal 2012.

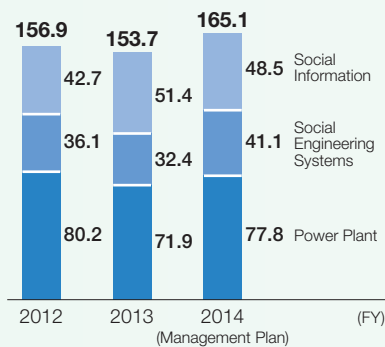
Positioning fiscal 2014 as a year of aggressive management expansion, we will work to further enhance profitability, while at the same time moving forward with efforts to expand the Industrial Infrastructure and Power Electronics businesses and reinforce our base of overseas operations.

Our plan for fiscal 2014 is to achieve net sales of ¥780.0 billion, up ¥20.1 billion year on year, and operating income of ¥38.0 billion, up ¥4.9 billion year on year.

Power and Social Infrastructure

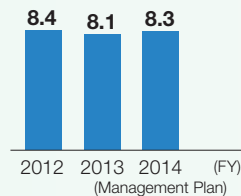
Net Sales

(Billions of yen)



Operating Income

(Billions of yen)



Fiscal 2013 Performance

Sales in the power plant business were down year on year due to a fall back from large-scale orders for thermal power generation facilities recorded in the previous fiscal year, which offset rises in orders for hydropower generation facilities and solar power generation systems.

Sales in the social engineering systems business were down due to lower demand for watt-hour meters ahead of the switch to smart meters.

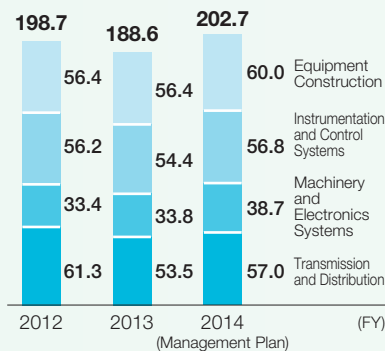
Sales in the social information business were up following a rise in large-scale orders and a demand rush in light of the upcoming end of support for Windows XP™.

Overall, the segment saw operating income worsen as lower net sales counteracted cost reductions.

Industrial Infrastructure

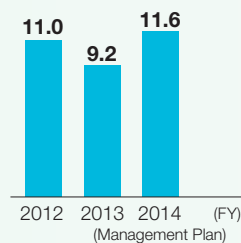
Net Sales

(Billions of yen)



Operating Income

(Billions of yen)



Fiscal 2013 Performance

Sales in the transmission and distribution business were down year on year, reflecting the absence of the previous fiscal year's large-scale overseas orders.

Sales in the machinery and electronics systems business increased due to a rise in orders for energy-saving equipment from Japanese manufacturers.

Sales in the instrumentation and control systems business were down as a result of lower demand for radiation measurement equipment.

Sales in the equipment construction business were relatively unchanged from the previous fiscal year.

In the business segment overall, operating income worsened year on year because lower net sales counteracted cost reductions.

	Net Sales				Operating Income / Loss			
	(Billions of yen)				(Billions of yen)			
	Fiscal 2012	Fiscal 2013	Fiscal 2014 (Management Plan*)	Fiscal 2013-14 Increase / Decrease	Fiscal 2012	Fiscal 2013	Fiscal 2014 (Management Plan*)	Fiscal 2013-14 Increase / Decrease
Power and Social Infrastructure	156.9	153.7	165.1	+11.5	8.4	8.1	8.3	+0.2
Industrial Infrastructure	198.7	188.6	202.7	+14.1	11.0	9.2	11.6	+2.3
Power Electronics	148.4	165.5	179.7	+14.2	1.2	5.4	8.3	+2.9
Electronic Devices	113.6	123.9	118.4	-5.4	-1.4	6.3	7.6	+1.3
Food and Beverage Distribution	112.1	120.1	118.6	-1.5	6.4	8.0	7.1	-0.9
Others	60.6	60.0	57.1	-2.9	1.6	1.9	1.7	-0.2
Elimination and Corporate	-44.5	-51.8	-61.6	-9.8	-5.3	-5.9	-6.6	-0.7
Total	745.8	759.9	780.0	+20.1	22.0	33.1	38.0	+4.9

* As of April 24, 2014

Priority Measures for Fiscal 2014

Continue Capturing Orders for Solar Power Generation Systems and Expand Orders of Thermal / Geothermal Power Generation Facilities and Smart Meters

In the power plant business, we will work to continue capturing orders for solar power generation systems in line with anticipated strong demand in Japan. We will also strengthen our efforts to increase orders for thermal and geothermal power generation facilities, mainly in Asia and the domestic market where demand is expected to grow. In other initiatives, we will aim to grow orders for fuel cells.

In the social engineering systems business, we will bolster our production capacity for smart meters and take steps to reduce costs and increase orders. We will also advance initiatives aiming to commercialize smart communities.



Construction of mega solar power generation is increasing, spurred by the feed-in tariff scheme for renewable energy, resulting in higher orders for solar power generation systems.

Priority Measures for Fiscal 2014

Capture Energy-Saving and Replacement Demands and Strengthen Business in Asia

In the transmission and distribution business, we will bolster our manufacturing structure centered on Fuji Tusco Co., Ltd. and the new factory in Thailand, while working to strengthen local engineering systems as we work to expand our business in Asia.

In the machinery and electronics systems business, we will focus on the automotive and Internet data center (IDC) businesses where investment is expected, while making efforts to capture replacement demand in the steel field, in which we have a strong replacement track record.

In the instrumentation and control systems business, we will step up product development and launch, while strengthening our efforts to capture replacement demand and expand overseas business.

In the equipment construction business, we will work to enlarge our presence in the creation energy field, centered on solar power generation systems, and grow our overseas business.



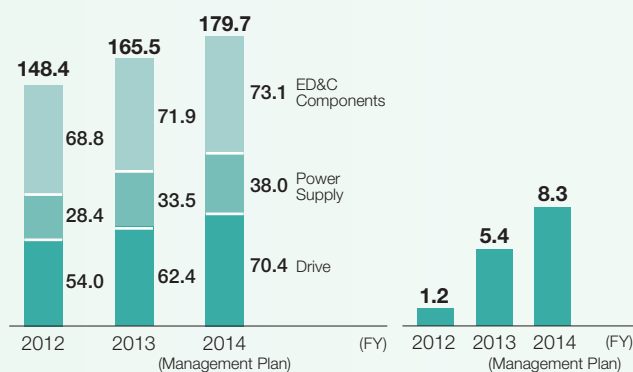
In October 2013, we launched Fuji Tusco Co., Ltd. with capital participation from a leading Thai transformer manufacturer.

Transformer

Power Electronics

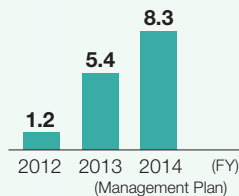
Net Sales

(Billions of yen)



Operating Income

(Billions of yen)



Fiscal 2013 Performance

In the drive business, net sales improved year on year thanks to higher demand for inverters and servo systems in Japan and overseas and the sales contributions from large overseas orders for electric equipment for railcars. Likewise, operating income also showed a year-on-year improvement due to higher sales and the benefits of the business restructuring conducted in the previous fiscal year.

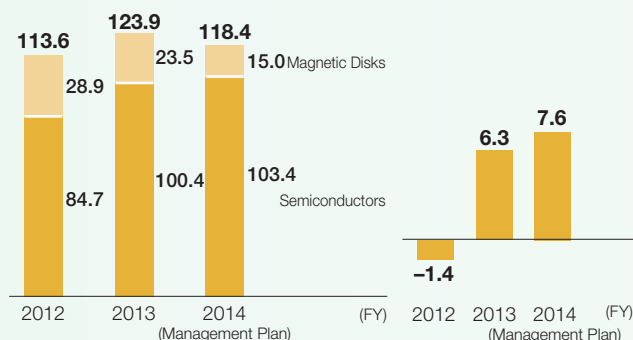
In the power supply business, net sales and operating income improved year on year as a result of increased demand for power conditioners for mega solar power generation and power supply equipment for data centers and other products.

In the ED&C components business, net sales and operating income improved year on year due to increased demand in the renewable energy field and recovery in domestic demand in the machine tools and semiconductor field.

Electronic Devices

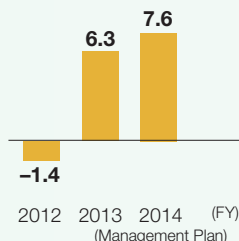
Net Sales

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Operating Income

(Billions of yen)



Fiscal 2013 Performance

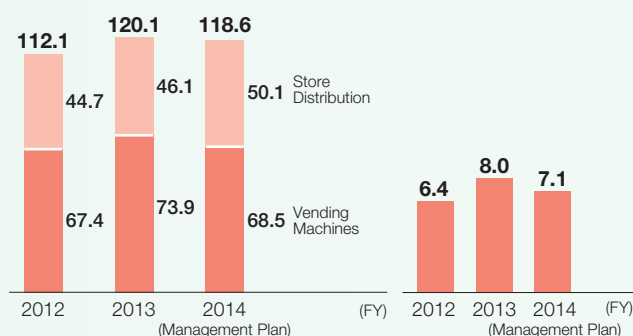
In the semiconductors business, net sales were up year on year due to strong demand in the automotive field, which continued from the previous fiscal year, as well as a recovery in demand for inverters, servo systems, and other industrial machinery in the industrial field. As a result of higher earnings and the benefits of the business restructuring conducted in relation to power semiconductors in the previous fiscal year, the business was able to realize substantially improved operating income.

In the magnetic disks business, net sales and operating income declined due to lower demand from customers.

Food and Beverage Distribution

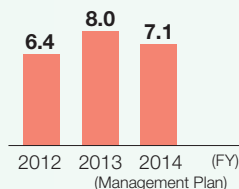
Net Sales

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Operating Income

(Billions of yen)



Fiscal 2013 Performance

In the vending machines business, net sales were up year on year as a result of steady replacement demand for energy-saving, environmentally friendly vending machines coupled with solid demand for coffee machines for convenience stores. Operating income improved following higher revenues and lower costs.

The store distribution business recorded a year-on-year increase in net sales due to higher orders for construction and renovation, mainly of convenience stores, but operating income deteriorated as a result of the impacts of higher upfront investments for the expansion of new businesses.

Priority Measures for Fiscal 2014

Business Expansion Centered on New Product Launches and the New Factory in Thailand

In the drive and power supply businesses, we will accelerate development and market launch for the global markets in mainstay products, including inverters, uninterruptible power supply systems (UPSs), and power conditioners. At the same time, we will enhance price competitiveness by expanding production at the new factory in Thailand. Furthermore, the business in China will be expanded through the joint-venture companies created between Shanghai Electric Group Co., Ltd. and the Company.

In the ED&C components business, we will concentrate on the new energy field in Japan while striving to enhance product line-ups in Asia and China.



In December 2013, the new factory in Thailand started production of inverters, UPSs, and other products as the Company's core production base for products for Asia, Europe, and the U.S.



In February 2014, the Company established a joint venture for sales and production of medium-voltage inverters with Shanghai Electric Group Co., Ltd., which has a powerful sales network in China.

Priority Measures for Fiscal 2014

Launch New Power Semiconductor Products and Accelerate Development of the Next-Generation of Semiconductors

In the semiconductors business, we will pursue higher sales by launching new products and strengthening local design through design centers established in the previous fiscal year in China, Taiwan, and Europe. We will also promote cost reduction activities by expanding back-end processing overseas. Furthermore, we will also accelerate the development of next-generation power semiconductors to further future business expansion.



In China (Shenzhen), the Company is expanding its production system for industrial power semiconductor products for the Chinese market.



In October 2013, a new production line established at the Matsumoto Factory started production of SiC power semiconductors.

Priority Measures for Fiscal 2014

Strengthen Business into Growth Fields such as Overseas and Store Distribution

In the vending machines business, we will grow the business by capturing domestic renewal demand for energy-saving, environmentally friendly vending machines. In addition, we will expand the business in China and other Asian markets where demand is expected to grow by increasing production in China, starting production in the new factory in Thailand, and establishing local sales companies among other initiatives.

In the store distribution business, we will work to grow demand for store equipment, mainly for convenience stores, and expand new businesses. We will also promote the distribution systems business by making use of refrigeration technologies, including the mobile cold storage container D-BOX, and business targeting crop production facilities.



Sales of the newly launched energy-saving, environmentally friendly vending machines and coffee machines for convenience stores have risen due to strong response from customers.